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BULLETIN
OF THE
AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC
ASSOCIATION

A FEDERATION OF AMERICAN
PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETIES.

VOLUME II

JUNE, 1938 TO JUNE, 1939



INTERNATIONAL
PSYCHOANALYTIC
UNIVERSITY BERLIN



MARCEL STERNBERGER

SIGMUND FREUD WITH ANNA FREUD, IN THE GARDEN OF THEIR HOME IN LONDON,
AT THE END OF JUNE, 1939.

SIGMUND FREUD

Born May 6, 1856, at Freiberg, Moravia

Died Saturday, September 23, 1939, in London, England.

This twentieth century has become heir to the greatest and to the worst of which human nature is capable. Through the long and unpredictable years of struggle that lie ahead, one of the decisive influences will be the use which is made of the tool which was forged by Sigmund Freud. In gratitude for the gain in human stature made possible by his life of patient labor, the Editors dedicate to his memory this second Bulletin of the American Psychoanalytic Association.

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FOREWORD AND CORRECTIONS

Because the early records of the American Psychoanalytic Association were lost some years ago, the Editors' account of its founding has necessarily to depend largely upon the memory of those members who took part in its organization. The historical note which appeared in Volume I contains, therefore, a number of minor errors which various of our readers have kindly brought to our attention.

For instance, one informant remembered clearly the presence of Lieutenant-Colonel Owen Berkeley-Hill at a meeting of the Association held in Boston in 1912. From Ranchi, Bihar, India, however, Lieutenant-Colonel Berkeley-Hill writes us that his first visit to the United States was in the memorable year of 1929.

Another informant recalled that as early as "1894, William James lectured to his classes on the early papers of Breuer and Freud". The Editors must admit some responsibility for this slip, since a moment's reflection would have made it clear that papers which were first published in German in 1893, and which did not appear in book form until 1895, could hardly have been the subject of very much discussion in Boston in 1894. Indeed, Dr. Brill is under the impression that William James had had little if any contact with Freudian literature before Freud's visit to America. On the other hand, it may be relevant to recall James' early interest in German psychological literature, his keen command of the language, and perhaps especially his early depressions, during which he was taken care of in Europe. Just when his interest first focused on Freudian literature is not definitely known to us.

Certain other errors arose because in the memories of our informants there was some confusion between the founding of the American Psychopathological Association and that of the American Psychoanalytic Association.

The former held its first annual meeting in the New Willard Hotel, in Washington, D. C. on May 2, 1910. At this meeting Dr. Morton Prince, who had been its temporary chairman, was elected chairman for the ensuing year, and Dr. G. A. Waterman, secretary and treasurer. A membership committee was elected, consisting of: Drs. A. R. Allen, J. J. Putnam, Adolf Meyer, August Hoch and Ernest Jones. Papers were read at that meeting by Drs. Putnam, Jones, Brill, Waterman, and Prince; and the *Journal of Abnormal Psychology* was made the official organ of the Association. The *Journal* announced at that time that its

readers could expect many papers dealing with "what has come to be known as the Freud school of psychology".

The second annual meeting of the American Psychopathological Association was held in *Baltimore on May 10, 1911*; and on *May 9, 1911*, in Baltimore and in the same hotel, the American Psychoanalytic Association was formed. Obviously this was a source of the confusion, in that the second meeting of the American Psychopathological Association and the first meeting of the American Psychoanalytic Association were held, by nearly the same groups, in the same hotel, just one day apart.

The New York Psychoanalytic Society, which may in a sense be looked upon as the parent of the American, had been organized in the home of Dr. A. A. Brill in February, 1911. Its President was Dr. A. A. Brill; Vice-President, Dr. B. Onuf; Secretary and Treasurer, Dr. H. W. Frink; Committee on Constitution, Drs. Farnell, Onuf and Poate; Committee on Science, Drs. Karpas, Riksher, and Scripture.

In Baltimore on May 9th, 1911, at the founding of the American Psychoanalytic Association, the following officers were elected: President, Dr. J. J. Putnam; Secretary, Dr. Ernest Jones; Council, Dr. Trigant Burrow, Dr. August Hoch, Dr. Adolf Meyer. The Editors regret particularly that in their initial account of the history of the Association, Dr. Burrow's name was inadvertently omitted from the list of charter members. According to the *Zentralblatt für Psychoanalyse* for January 1912 two other names were omitted also: to wit, Drs. John T. MacCurdy and G. Alexander Young. A few of the names listed as charter members in Volume I of the Bulletin may have been included erroneously. In all probability such men were members not of the American Psychoanalytic, but of the American Psychopathological Association.

The Editors regret these mistakes, and do not yet feel confident that all possible corrections have been made. As other bits of history come to light, they will be recorded in subsequent volumes of the Bulletin.

OFFICERS AND COMMITTEES
OF THE
AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC ASSOCIATION

THE AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC ASSOCIATION

PERMANENT OFFICER

Honorary President: DR. A. A. BRILL

ELECTED OFFICERS (to serve until May, 1940)

President: DR. LEWIS B. HILL

Vice-President: DR. GEORGE E. DANIELS

Secretary: DR. LAWRENCE S. KUBIE

Treasurer: DR. HELEN VINCENT McLEAN

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

Ex-officio

DR. LEWIS B. HILL

DR. GEORGE E. DANIELS

DR. LAWRENCE S. KUBIE

DR. HELEN VINCENT McLEAN

Elected

DR. MARTIN W. PECK, Boston

DR. N. LIONEL BLITZSTEN, Chicago

DR. LEONARD BLUMGART, New York

DR. LeROY M. A. MAEDER, Philadelphia

DR. KARL A. MENNINGER, Topeka

DR. LEWIS B. HILL, Washington-
Baltimore

COUNCIL ON PROFESSIONAL TRAINING

CHAIRMAN (EX-OFFICIO) Dr. Lewis B. Hill

SECRETARY (EX-OFFICIO) Dr. Lawrence S. Kubie

BOSTON	To Serve Until:
Dr. John M. Murray	June, 1940
Dr. Helene Deutsch	June, 1941
Dr. M. Ralph Kaufman	June, 1942

CHICAGO	
Dr. Franz Alexander	Oct., 1940
Dr. N. Lionel Blitzsten	Oct., 1941
Dr. Thomas M. French	Oct., 1942

NEW YORK	
Dr. George E. Daniels	June, 1940
Dr. Sandor Rado	June, 1941
Dr. Karen Horney	June, 1942

TOPEKA	
Dr. Robert P. Knight	July, 1940
Dr. Ernest Simmel	July, 1941
Dr. Karl A. Menninger	July, 1942

WASHINGTON-BALTIMORE	
Dr. Lewis B. Hill	May, 1940
Dr. Ernest E. Hadley	May, 1941
Dr. William V. Silverberg	May, 1942

PHILADELPHIA	
Dr. LeRoy M. A. Maeder	June, 1940
Dr. Sidney G. Biddle	June, 1941
Dr. George W. Smeltz	June, 1942

PROGRAM COMMITTEE

(Appointed to serve until May, 1940)

DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER

DR. ROBERT P. KNIGHT

DR. SYDNEY G. BIDDLE

DR. LEWIS B. HILL (*ex-officio*)

DR. DEXTER M. BULLARD

DR. JOHN M. MURRAY

DR. LAWRENCE S. KUBIE (*ex-officio*) DR. GREGORY ZILBOORG, *Chairman*

COMMITTEE FOR THE STUDY OF THE PROBLEM OF CERTIFICATION

(Appointed to serve until the spring meeting in 1941)

DR. ROSS McC. CHAPMAN

DR. M. RALPH KAUFMAN, *Chairman*

DR. O. SPURGEON ENGLISH

DR. LAWRENCE S. KUBIE (*ex-officio*)

DR. RAYMOND GOSSELIN

DR. KARL A. MENNINGER

DR. LEWIS B. HILL (*ex-officio*)

DR. LEON SAUL

MINUTES OF THE MEETINGS
IN CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, MAY, 1939

A. SCIENTIFIC SESSIONS

B. BUSINESS SESSIONS

1. EXECUTIVE COUNCIL
2. COUNCIL ON PROFESSIONAL TRAINING
3. CONTINUATION MEETING OF THE COUNCIL ON
PROFESSIONAL TRAINING
4. REPORT OF THE EMERGENCY COMMITTEE ON RELIEF
AND IMMIGRATION
5. GENERAL EXECUTIVE SESSION
6. SPECIAL EXECUTIVE SESSION ON CERTIFICATION IN
PSYCHOANALYSIS
7. TREASURER'S REPORTS

THE FORTY-FIRST MEETING
OF
THE AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC ASSOCIATION

THE PALMER HOUSE
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

May 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11, 1939

SCIENTIFIC SESSIONS

Monday, May 8: 9:00 A.M.

Session on Psychosomatic Medicine

Chairman: Dr. M. Ralph Kaufman

Dr. Franz Alexander: FURTHER CONTRIBUTIONS CONCERNING SPECIFIC
EMOTIONAL FACTORS IN DIFFERENT ORGAN NEUROSES.

Dr. Felix Deutsch: THE PROBLEM OF THE CHOICE OF THE ORGAN IN
NEUROSES.

Discussed by: Drs. H. F. Dunbar, S. Cobb, R. G. Hoskins, S.
Rado, R. Grinker, D. Levy.

Drs. Theresa Benedek and Boris Rubenstein (by invitation):
CORRELATIONS BETWEEN OVARIAN ACTIVITY AND PSYCHODYNAMIC
PROCESSES.

Discussed by: Drs. R. G. Hoskins, H. Deutsch, F. Alexander,
G. Daniels.

Monday: 2:30 P.M.

Chairman: Dr. Bertram D. Lewin

Dr. Lucia E. Tower: CLINICAL STUDY OF TWO ANALYZED CASES OF
PSYCHOGENIC AMENORRHEA.

Dr. Jacob E. Finesinger: PSYCHOANALYTIC NOTES IN A CASE OF
PSEUDO-HERMAPHRODITISM.

Discussed by: Drs. F. Alexander, T. Benedek, S. Cobb, R. G.
Hoskins.

Dr. Agnes Greig: ANALYSIS OF A CHILD WITH CHOREA OF SIX YEARS' DURATION.

Discussed by: Dr. F. Fromm-Reichmann

Dr. Otto Fenichel: THE COUNTER-PHOBIC ATTITUDE.

Discussed by: Drs. E. Jacobssohn, F. Alexander, E. Weigert, S. Rado, E. Simmel, H. Deutsch, R. Brunswick, B. D. Lewin.

Monday evening:

Dinner of the American Psychoanalytic Association.

Tuesday, May 9: 9 A.M.

Chairman: Dr. Helen Vincent McLean

Dr. Annie Reich: THE PRIMITIVE EGO AND ITS RELATIONSHIP TO OBJECTS.

Discussed by: Drs. O. Fenichel, S. Rado, B. D. Lewin, E. Weigert.

Dr. Harry I. Weinstock: CONTRIBUTION TO THE PROBLEM OF MORBID JEALOUSY.

Discussed by: Drs. S. Rado, M. R. Kaufman, H. Deutsch.

Tuesday: 2:30 P.M.

Session on Schizophrenia

Chairman: Lewis B. Hill

Dr. Frieda Fromm-Reichmann: TRANSFERENCE PROBLEMS IN SCHIZOPHRENIAS.

Dr. Helene Deutsch: EMOTIONAL DISTURBANCES AND THEIR RELATIONSHIP TO SCHIZOPHRENIA.

Dr. M. Ralph Kaufman: RELIGIOUS DELUSIONS IN SCHIZOPHRENIA.

Dr. Kurt Eissler: CONTRIBUTION TO THE PSYCHOANALYSIS OF THE "INFLUENCING MACHINE".

Drs. Thomas M. French and Jacob Kasanin: A PSYCHODYNAMIC STUDY OF THE RECOVERY OF A FEW SCHIZOPHRENIC CASES.

Discussed by: Drs. K. Menninger, G. Zilboorg, F. Alexander, E. Weigert, S. Rado, C. P. Oberndorf, H. S. Sullivan.

Wednesday, May 10: 9 A.M.

*JOINT SESSION with the Section on Psychoanalysis
of the American Psychiatric Association*

Dr. Joseph O. Chassell: RESULTS OF PSYCHOANALYTIC THERAPY IN A MENTAL HOSPITAL.

Discussed by: Drs. D. M. Bullard and R. P. Knight.

Dr. Karl A. Menninger: SOMATIC SUICIDE—TOTAL AND PARTIAL

Discussed by: Drs. C. Binger and N. D. C. Lewis.

Dr. Smiley Blanton: ANALYTIC STUDY OF A "CURE" AT LOURDES.

Discussed by: Drs. A. A. Brill and F. Alexander.

Wednesday: 2:30 P.M

*JOINT SESSION with the Section on Psychoanalysis
of the American Psychiatric Association*

Chairman: Dr. Franz Alexander

Dr. Sandor Rado: PROGRESS IN THE PSYCHOANALYTIC TREATMENT OF THE NEUROSES.

Discussed by: Dr. J. A. P. Millet.

Dr. Leon J. Saul: UTILIZATION OF EARLY CURRENT DREAMS IN FORMULATING PSYCHOANALYTIC CASES.

Discussed by: Dr. G. B. Daniels.

Dr. Robert Fliess: THE COUNTER TRANSFERENCE.

Discussed by: Drs. T. M. French and O. Fenichel.

Dr. Ernst Simmel: PSYCHOANALYTIC INTERPRETATION OF A COURT CASE OF INCENDIARISM.

Thursday, May 11: 9:30 A.M.

Chairman: Dr. Karl A. Menninger

Dr. C. P. Oberndorf: CO-CONSCIOUS MENTATION.

Discussed by: Dr. S. E. Jelliffe.

Dr. Fritz Redl: A FEW CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PSYCHOANALYSIS OF GROUP EMOTION AND LEADERSHIP.

Discussed by: Dr. L. J. Saul.

Dr. Bernhard Berliner: LIBIDO AND REALITY IN MASOCHISM.

Discussed by: Dr. K. A. Menninger.

Thursday evening:

*ROUND TABLE: Role of the Psychoanalyst as an Advisor in
Sexual and Marital Adjustment.*

Moderator: DR. C. P. OBERNDORF.

Participants: DRs. T. M. FRENCH, L. B. HILL, P. LEHRMAN, H. V. MCLEAN,
J. SMALLDON.

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

May 7, 1939

COUNCILLORS PRESENT: Drs. Franz Alexander, N. Lionel Blitzsten, Lewis B. Hill, M. Ralph Kaufman, Lawrence S. Kubie, Robert P. Knight, David Levy, Karl Menninger; and Dr. Helene Deutsch as alternate for Dr. Finesinger, who was absent.

DR. ALEXANDER (Chairman) presiding, called the meeting to order at 2:15 P.M.

- I. The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and accepted.
- II. The special Sub-Committee for the issuing of a Bulletin of the American Psychoanalytic Association, consisting of Dr. Kubie (Chairman) and Drs. French, Hill, Menninger, Murray, Rado and Zilboorg,—presented its report in the form of Volume I of the Bulletin of the American Psychoanalytic Association.
- III. The Secretary of the Society reported to the Executive Council on the status of the negotiations with the International Psychoanalytical Association. Copies of the recent correspondence with Drs. Jones and Glover had already been circulated to all members of the Council; and general appreciation was expressed of the cooperative attitude of the officers of the International towards the special problems of the American Association. In the discussion it was agreed that the procedures followed last year had been technically inconsistent with the existing constitutional relationship of the American Association to the International, but that in spirit they have merely expressed in explicit form that administrative autonomy as to the wisdom of which there seemed to be no further disagreement between the officers of the International, and the members of the American Association. It was pointed out that since our last annual meeting in June, 1938, this principle had been fully recognized by the International Psychoanalytical Association in its congress at Paris in the summer of 1938, in that this Congress had decided that henceforth all rulings of the International Psychoanalytical Association, or its Executive Committees, would apply to the American Psychoanalytic Association only after such enactment had been approved by this

Association. This constitutes in fact an explicit acknowledgment of our administrative autonomy. With this as a basic principle, there should be no further grounds for disagreement between the two organizations. Furthermore, it was emphasized that such administrative independence implied no scientific cleavage, but rather a freer and closer cooperation in scientific spirit.

The discussion brought out the fact, however, that the Constitution of the American Psychoanalytic Association, as now framed, includes certain provisions which imply a more binding relationship between the two organizations, and a degree of control of American affairs by the International Psychoanalytical Association, which no longer obtains in fact. The question was raised therefore whether any constitutional changes should be proposed to the Association. It was felt, however, that such action at this time would be discourteous, and that all changes of this nature should wait upon the visit of Drs. Jones and Glover in the autumn of 1939.

This visit had been proposed by Drs. Jones and Glover in a recent letter. The Executive Council decided unanimously that the President, Dr. Alexander, should appoint a Committee to meet with Drs. Jones and Glover; that this Committee should consist of the members of the Executive Council and of the Council on Professional Training, and that whether re-elected to the Presidency or not, Dr. Alexander should take charge of these meetings. The two councils, meeting jointly, were empowered to appoint any special sub-committees which might be needed. It was recognized that the gathering of so large a body of representatives would entail a heavy expense on the Association; nevertheless nothing short of this seemed adequate to deal with the situation. The question of whether the responsibilities for the expenses of the Committee members should be met by the American alone, or by the several constituent societies, or by the two combined, was held in abeyance. It was understood that the Committee would be governed by the resolutions concerning our relationship to the International which had been passed at the meeting of the Association in June, 1938.

- IV. The Secretary reported that criticism had arisen as to the organization of the current scientific meetings, and that the question had been raised as to whether or not the Association had acted wisely last year in deciding to have only one annual meeting in-

stead of two semi-annual meetings, as formerly, that meeting to run concurrently with that of the American Psychiatric Association. It was decided that no final action should be taken on this question, until the members had had an opportunity to observe its results for more than one year. In the meantime, however, certain definite suggestions were brought before the Council for its consideration:

1. It was pointed out that many factors determined the annual place of meeting of the American Psychiatric Association,—and that this might frequently mean one meeting at a point that was remote from any psychoanalytic centers, thus involving everyone in heavy traveling expenses while serving no local purpose. Evidently, therefore, some special provision to meet this contingency would be needed.
2. The apparent closer association between the American Psychiatric Association and the American Psychoanalytic Association was noted with pleasure. The common problems and interests of the two Associations make it increasingly apparent that meetings which bring them together have definite value for the profession. On the other hand, when the two groups of meetings run concurrently, it becomes in fact difficult for members of either to attend both places and difficult, therefore, to hear papers which are of general interest. One suggestion for a solution of this problem was that the meetings of the American Psychoanalytic Association should begin the week-end preceding those of the American Psychiatric Association, and should terminate at the time of the main meetings of the American Psychiatric Association, so that the members of the American Psychoanalytic Association could attend these as well.
3. Another suggested solution was a return to the system of two groups of meetings per year. One would be held in February or March (perhaps at the time of the Easter holidays) in an appropriate and pleasant southern resort where the weather conditions would be propitious and this should be the main meeting of the American Psychoanalytic Association itself, including all of its business and executive sessions. The custom of holding joint meetings with the Psychoanalytic Section of the American Psychiatric Association in May should be continued as before.

4. Finally, it was pointed out that under the constitution the power to decide this matter was in the hands of the Executive Council; and it was suggested that the several members of the Executive Council should discuss this issue at the first autumn meetings of their local Societies, and send to the Secretary the various suggestions and points of view there expressed, after which the Executive Council could decide what should be the procedure in the coming year.
- V. The Secretary then reported on the work of the Emergency Committee on Relief and Immigration. (The report of this Committee is appended to the minutes of the Executive Session—pp. 41-43).
- VI. Dr. Lewin, as Chairman, reported on the work of the Credentials Committee. He emphasized the fact that the work of this Committee duplicated that done by the Emergency Committee on Relief and Immigration, and by the Educational Committees of each Society and that therefore his Committee served no necessary function. After some discussion it was moved, seconded and unanimously carried that this report be accepted and the Committee discharged.
- VII. The problem of the future organization of the Bulletin was then brought up for discussion. The annual publication of such a Bulletin as had just appeared involves (a) a careful, accurate and rapid gathering of data about the membership of each Society, (b) the official reports of the activities of each Society and Institute, (c) accurate minutes of all sessions of the American Psychoanalytic Association and of its Committees and Councils, (d) the maintenance of an effective mailing list of all who are interested, (e) financing the printing and circulation of the Bulletin.

If the responsibility for this work and for all of these decisions devolves upon the Secretary alone, the work is likely to be slighted because of the burden of other responsibilities which are his. Nevertheless, all such information ultimately must pass through the Secretary's office because of the very nature of his duties. With some assistance, therefore, and with systematic cooperation from the Secretaries of the constituent societies and from the officers and Committees of such Societies, the Secretary's office can at least be the assembling place for the material of the Bulletin. This was agreed upon.

The minutes of the meetings of the American Psychoanalytic Association present, however, a special problem. If it is to be of interest and value, the Bulletin must come out promptly. Yet, rightly speaking, the minutes should not be published until they have been formally approved. Under the Constitution, such formal approval cannot take place until the next succeeding meeting, — which would mean that every issue of the Bulletin would appear at least one year late. It was decided therefore that a tentative draft of the complete minutes of all Committee meetings and Executive Sessions of the American Psychoanalytic Association should be circulated in mimeographed form to every member of the Executive Council and of the Council on Professional Training. With the corrections and approval of these two Councils, the minutes could then be published in the Bulletin without waiting for the next annual meeting of the Association, and with only a minimum chance for errors or inaccuracies, which would necessitate subsequent correction.

It was decided further that the work of editing the Bulletin should be the responsibility of the outgoing Secretary and the incoming Secretary, acting jointly. Where a Secretary succeeds himself in office, he is empowered to select some one to act as his assistant in this task.

The cost of the Bulletin will vary from year to year, depending upon the amount of material which must be published in it. With the re-publication of the complete membership list every five years, or whenever basic constitutional amendments demand a re-publication or a revision of the constitution, the issue will naturally be more expensive. The first volume, of which 2,000 were printed, together with secretarial costs and mailing costs, will total about \$1,500.00 or \$.75 apiece. To assist the treasury in meeting this expense, the motion was made and unanimously carried that the Executive Council recommend to the Association that an assessment of \$2.00 per member be made.

- VIII. A letter received from Dr. Knight, Secretary of the Topeka Society was then read, quoting sections of Article III of the By-laws and asking for the refund of six month's dues because the members of the Topeka Society had by chance paid for these six months twice. This refund, amounting to \$25, was unanimously approved.

The meeting was adjourned at 4:30 P.M.

L. S. KUBIE, M.D.,
Secretary

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE
COUNCIL ON PROFESSIONAL TRAINING

May 7, 1939

COUNCILLORS PRESENT: Drs. Alexander, Blitzsten, Daniels, Helene Deutsch, French, Hill, Kaufman, Kubie, Knight, Lewin, K. A. Menninger, Rado, Simmel.

COUNCILLORS ABSENT: Drs. John Murray, Bernard Kamm, Ernest Hadley, William V. Silverberg.

SITTING WITH THE COMMITTEE: Drs. Maeder, Levy, and Fenichel.

The meeting was called to order by the Chairman, Dr. Alexander at 4:30 P.M.

- I. The minutes of the preceeding meeting had been circulated to the members, — and were approved without further reading.
- II. The Secretary presented the application of the Philadelphia Psychoanalytic Society to be received as a constituent society of the American Psychoanalytic Association. The Constitution and By-laws of the proposed new Society, and the credentials of all its members had already been examined and approved by a special Sub-Committee consisting of Drs. French, Hill, Lewin and Kaufman. Furthermore, older members of the applying group were already members either of the New York or other constituent Societies; and the newer members had been in training in the New York Psychoanalytic Institute and had been recommended for membership by the Educational Committee of that Institute. It was moved, seconded and unanimously carried that the admission of the applying group from Philadelphia as a constituent society of the American Psychoanalytic Association, should be recommended to the Association, but that as a gesture both of courtesy and of constitutional regularity, this action should be regarded as tentative, pending similar action by the International Psychoanalytical Association.
- III. Dr. French, as Chairman, reported on the work of the Certification Committee. The details of Dr. French's report will be found in the minutes of the Special Executive Session of the Association which was held on May 10th for the purpose of discussing the issue of certification. (pp. 57-59).

- IV. Dr. Leroy M. A. Maeder, as Chairman, reported on the work of the Sub-Committee on the Placement of Psychoanalysts throughout the United States. The Committee's report is appended hereto (p. 33).
- V. The Secretary read a letter from the American Medical Library Association explaining its proposed indexing and abstracting service and asking that if the American Psychoanalytic Association were interested in such a service, it should express its interest and approval of the plan to the Board of the American Medical Association. The Library Association has planned to combine the various abstracting services which are already in existence, and to issue the material in sections that may be subscribed to separately. It was moved, and seconded, and unanimously carried that such a resolution be prepared and sent to the American Medical Association.
- VI. Discussion was then raised as to the basic methods employed by the various institutes of the American Association for the selection of candidates for psychoanalytic training. Dr. Levy opened the discussion by giving as his frank impression that too many candidates who were emotionally unstable or neurotically driven, or even limited as to their basic scientific training and as to their intelligence, were finding their way into our psychoanalytic institutes and that somehow or other they were managing to complete their training and to graduate into membership into our societies. He felt that either in the process of selection of students or in the subsequent processes by which they are weeded out in the course of training, more rigid and objective methods were urgently required in order to overcome the optimism and leniency of our teaching staffs. He felt that sympathy with the candidate seemed too often to dominate the ultimate decision of those entrusted with this responsibility. To this end he made certain specific suggestions which were based upon his experience in the selection of students, and with the various methods for estimating the personality and equipment which have been tried out by universities and colleges, and which were developed by psychologists who were confronted with the task of judging men in large numbers for special tasks.
- (a) In the first place Dr. Levy suggested that the Admissions Committee should never be content with a written letter about a candidate, — but that sources of personal recom-

mentation should always be talked to personally. It has been his experience repeatedly that in personal talks those who recommended candidates would be much more frank than in anything they had to put down on paper.

- (b) Formal intelligence tests, scholastic aptitude tests, army Alpha ratings, etc. should be used in every case. Men of limited scholastic capacity should never be accepted for training. The results of these tests should then be correlated with the actual grades and ratings of a man's work in school. To this end we should demand not merely the evidence that the man has graduated from a college or medical school, but the actual ratings which he received in his work in that school.
- (c) A special form of psychiatric anamnesis should be developed in order to elicit further data on potential neurotic difficulties with the candidate. It may be that some of the methods which psychologists have developed for making "neurotic inventories" might be helpful here, and Dr. Levy would personally recommend the use of a Rorschach test in each case.
- (d) Certain basic rules should be formulated with regard to accepting candidates with special problems such as stammering, etc.

In support of Dr. Levy's general thesis, Dr. Helene Deutsch indicated her belief that the analyst who is in charge of a preparatory ("didactic") analysis is frequently caught between his responsibilities as a teacher and his responsibility as a therapist. From the point of view of therapy the rejection of the potential candidate may be disastrous, either to the patient or to the analytical relationship and to the analysis itself. On the other hand, to encourage the student who is not proper material, cannot in the long run be good either for him or for analysis. The situation is further complicated in the case of candidates who come with fellowships provided by special foundations which are interested in the training of psychiatrists in analysis. Such foundations rarely show much skill in selecting individuals for their aptitude for psychological work, — indeed they are rarely interested in that, but rather in a candidate's capacities as shown in some other fields of medical and scientific investigation. In such cases the training analyst's hands may be even more tied.

Dr. Deutsch emphasized the fact that while the number of analysts is increasing, the standard, if anything, is decreasing; and that particularly in the case of analysis, because of its very nature, the profession has a heavy responsibility for maintaining a high standard of ability. In conclusion Dr. Deutsch suggested that perhaps a division of training into two clearly defined stages would help. Perhaps all candidates should understand that between these two stages there was a likelihood that a large number of them would be rejected. The introduction of some system of examination might be the best way of safe-guarding ourselves against the filtering through of inadequately trained or inadequately gifted students.

Dr. French strongly endorsed Dr. Deutsch's point of view. He pointed out the fact that no one entered a university or a medical school with the idea that he has any vested right to be graduated. He realizes that at any time that his teachers consider him inadequate, he may be "flunked" out; and although the economic and practical consequences of such a step are far greater to a student of analysis than they are to a young man in college or medical school, nevertheless the same basic principle must obtain. Such economic sacrifices, however, impose on us a necessity to weed out the unfit ahead of time, as far as this is humanly possible, — which emphasizes the importance of Dr. Levy's original suggestion.

In the process of rejecting candidates, Dr. French pointed out that it is disadvantageous to have the same people do the training and the rejecting; and that some more impersonal group, more remote from the student's preparatory analysis should be vested with this function. Dr. Kaufman concurred in the seriousness of the problem but laid his emphasis rather on the issue of the training analyst. He pointed out that certain analysts were scrupulous in their attitude toward students, — and did not hesitate to divert unsatisfactory candidates from their original desire to be analysts, and seemed to be able to do this without any untoward results. Other instructors, on the other hand, perhaps because of difficulties in their own counter-transferences, seemed to be unable to do this and were constantly creating difficulties by recommending unsatisfactory candidates. He felt therefore that the difficulty was primarily to be solved through the selection of proper instructors rather than through a basic change in methods. He felt that no changes in method would work if the

instructors themselves were not more exacting in their demands upon themselves and upon their students.

Dr. French also felt that it would be better if the training analysis were recognized not as part of the training, but as a preliminary requirement for admission to training. This would have the advantage that it would put the training analyst in a much less equivocal position toward the patient in that the aim with reference to training would become identical with the therapeutic aim — i.e., to free the prospective candidate sufficiently from his neurosis to make it possible for him to be admitted to training.

Dr. Rado agreed with all that had been said and emphasized primarily the importance of the initial process of selection before any training is undertaken. He stressed particularly the difference in the problem as it is found in Chicago and New York. In Chicago twenty candidates are being trained; whereas in New York there are thirty-five—with about fifteen applications already on file for next year. The problem of selection therefore becomes obviously a much greater burden and one of primary importance, and will continue to be so as each institute grows in numbers.

Dr. Kubie pointed out that in the first place the problem which confronts psychanalytic institutes in the selection of students is not peculiar to psychoanalysis, but is one which confronts psychiatric training in general. For various reasons it is obvious that psychiatry draws to it a large number of people of limited ability who have been unsuccessful in other fields, and also a large body of gifted but neurotic individuals. Every psychiatric hospital or research institute faces the problem of eliminating those who are unfit for either of these two reasons. Psychoanalysis faces this in an even more serious form; and it is doubtful whether we will ever escape this problem completely. It would be conceivable to pass a somewhat fantastic rule which would demand that anyone who applied for training in psychoanalysis should already have proved himself capable of productive and adequate work in some non-analytic or even non-psychiatric field. The result undoubtedly would be a larger percentage of relatively normal and generally capable people, but also a high percentage of those with little or no psychological aptitude. (This, in effect, is what the Foundations tend to do at present in their selection of individuals for psychoanalytic training). Therefore, it would

seem that we must accept the fact that we will always have a mixed lot of candidates to select from, — that among them will be a large proportion of relatively incompetent and neurotic individuals, — and that for their own sake (in order to save them from fruitless loss of time and expensive training as well as for the sake of analysis itself), more clearly and sharply defined methods of selection must be evolved. One simple change in routine procedure might be of some assistance in the meantime, — namely that our institute should adopt a definite academic year as is done in medical schools and universities in general, — let it be known that all applications should be in by a certain date, —and that then from among all of the applicants during a certain year, the best material shall be selected. It would seem to be easier to select wisely in this way than when one is judging each individual applicant independently and without comparing him with other available material.

Dr. Blitzsten stated that in his experience, he felt that a long preliminary psychiatric interview was of greater assistance than anything else in weeding out unfit applicants.

Dr. Alexander summed up the discussion as emphasizing two schools of thought, — one placing its emphasis on the machinery and technique of training and the other on the machinery and technique of selection. It is obvious that despite the difference of emphasis, both are important; he suggested that further discussion be reserved for a round table symposium to take place at the next annual meeting of the Society.

- VII. The secretary brought up again the question of the status of lay-analysts from abroad, and their possible relationship to the American Psychoanalytic Association. He stressed the fact that in the first place the resolution which had been passed unanimously by the American Psychoanalytic Association against the future training of laymen for the therapeutic use of psychoanalysis, had very explicitly provided that this action should not be retroactive, and not only that all of those laymen who already were trained and were members of one of the constituent societies of the American Association were to continue as before, — but also that those lay students who were already in training were to be allowed to continue their training. He also stressed the fact that at the time that this resolution had been passed there had been no question of a sudden numerous influx of European analysts. Within a few months thereafter, however, the emer-

gency abroad had arisen and as a result we were confronted with a small group of able and outstanding lay-analysts from Europe, — several of whom had been members of the International for many years and had made noteworthy contributions to analysis, — and that the issue was not clear as to what their affiliation with the American could be. He pointed out that the American had asked the International not to continue the practice of recognizing memberships-at-large for European analysts who came to this country. This was in order to encourage their affiliating with the American societies. On the other hand, it was obvious that we could not and would not want to ask the International to discontinue the membership-at-large for those lay-analysts whose home organizations had been dissolved, unless they could be accepted into some form of membership in the American Association. The Secretary raised the question of whether this problem could be solved by electing such laymen to Honorary Membership in the American under the provisions of Article III, Section 5, of the Constitution.

There was some general discussion of this issue, the emphasis being on the fact that such Honorary Membership would not really meet the needs of the lay-analysts adequately and would at the same time be contrary to the spirit of "Honorary Membership" as originally intended and as usually employed in this country.

Dr. Simmel recommended delaying action on this suggestion until it could be discussed further. Accordingly, and with the unanimous consent of all present the meeting was recessed at 6:35 P.M. for further discussion of this issue on the following day.

L. S. KUBIE, M.D.,
Secretary

REPORT OF THE
COMMITTEE ON PLACEMENT OF PSYCHOANALYSTS

May 7, 1939

The objectives of this Committee shall be:

1. To establish contact with social workers and national and local social case work agencies in the interests of closer practical working relationships between psychoanalysts and social case work agencies.
2. To promote closer cooperation between psychoanalysts and schools of social work in teaching and training programs.
3. To recommend to psychoanalytic institutes that there be included in their regular curricula the following:
 - a. For students in training, a regular required course on social case work, — its aims, problems, services and work and the relationship of the psychoanalyst to these problems and services.
 - b. Appropriate adapted lecture and seminar courses for social case workers and teachers.
4. To work out general plans to promote the increased participation of psychoanalysts in the clinical programs of general and mental hospitals, psychiatric clinics and social agencies.
5. To act as a clearing house to psychoanalytic institutes and societies for information regarding positions and services open to psychoanalysts and students in training; also for information regarding opportunities for psychoanalysts to settle permanently in other cities and communities.
6. To meet as a Committee, as frequently as convenient opportunity arises, for discussion of current problems, exchange of experiences and data, and for the promotion of plans and the work of the Committee.

Respectfully submitted:

THOMAS M. FRENCH, M.D.
LEWIS B. HILL, M.D.
M. RALPH KAUFMAN, M.D.
KARL A. MENNINGER, M.D.
LEROY M. A. MAEDER, M.D., *Chairman*

MINUTES OF THE CONTINUATION MEETING OF
THE COUNCIL ON PROFESSIONAL TRAINING

May 9, 1939

COUNCILLORS PRESENT: Drs. Alexander, Blitzsten, Helene Deutsch, Hill, Kaufman, Lewin, Maeder, Rado and Simmel.

COUNCILLORS ABSENT: Drs. Daniels, French, Hadley, Kamm, Knight, Kubie, Menninger, and John Murray.

SITTING WITH THE COUNCIL: Dr. David Brunswick.

Dr. Alexander, as Chairman, called the meeting to order at 11:15 A.M. Dr. Simmel opened the discussion essentially in the following words:

"The issue was important in Los Angeles in the interest not only of the refugee lay-analysts, but also of a number of refugee physician-analysts and of a few American lay-analysts as well. In California the legal situation is such that all three of these groups are practically in the same boat. In this connection it is well to recall that, in the resolutions passed by the constituent societies of the American Psychoanalytic Association in 1938, in which they agreed together not to accept any more laymen for training in the therapeutic use of psychoanalysis, it was specifically stated that this would not apply retroactively, and that therefore it should not affect the status of those laymen who were already in training, or whose training had been completed, before this resolution went into effect in June 1938.

"In California, therefore, there are a few refugee lay-analysts and a few American lay-analysts whose status comes up for consideration. Under the terms of this resolution, they would seem to be entitled to the same status and privileges as other members of the American Psychoanalytic Association. For such analysts, it would not solve anyone's problems to elect a few of the immigrant lay-analysts to Honorary Membership, as suggested by Dr. Kubie. This would merely create two groups of lay-analysts, between which there would then appear to be an invidious and unfair distinction.

"In California this would be unfair particularly to the American lay-analysts; since it is due largely to their efforts that Freudian analysis in California has been taken out of the hands of innumerable quacks and put into the hands of the medical profession. It was these very

lay-analysts who were instrumental in establishing a medical center for training in psychoanalysis by calling me to California five years ago.

"Furthermore, in California, the status of the European physician is particularly difficult. The obstacles which are placed in the path of an alien who wishes to take the state board examination for a medical license make it almost impossible for the immigrated physician-analyst to acquire a California medical license in the near future. This places the immigrant physician-analyst almost in the same position as the lay-analyst. This applies to me as well as to others. Under the current regulations, in order to be entitled to take this examination, I would have to serve an internship. Apart from the fact that such internships are almost impossible to secure, in view on the one hand of my teaching obligations towards the Los Angeles Study Group and my personal financial responsibilities on the other, I see no practical possibility of serving such an internship.

"These facts are important to keep clearly in mind, both for the good of the individuals involved, and for the clarification of the position of the Los Angeles Group when it should apply for membership in the American Psychoanalytic Association.

"This group consists of: (1) physicians of many years of experience both in psychiatry and in analysis, some of whom are unlicensed because of peculiarities of the local laws; (2) lay-analysts, both European and American, with years of experience; (3) young psychiatrists in training; and (4) a few lay students who have been in training for several years."

After some further discussion, it was agreed with Dr. Simmel that the proposal to solve the problem by the election of lay-refugees to Honorary Membership in the American, would not solve the problems involved, and the suggestion was dropped.

Dr. Rado then pointed out that individually and unofficially our first efforts must be to assist these individuals to earn a living; and secondly, to work out a system whereby they can retain contact with scientific circles, while at the same time not violating the laws under which our various training institutes are incorporated in the several states. He emphasized further that everything possible should be done by the American Psychoanalytic Association as such to assist refugee physician-analysts to secure licenses, by trying to obtain for them special rulings by the State Medical Boards. This was especially important to do in the case of Dr. Simmel; since his licensure, as President of the

Los Angeles group, would simplify the problem for the entire group in California

Dr. Kaufman and others then called attention to the essential fact that under the Constitution and By-laws of the American Psychoanalytic Association, any group of ten properly qualified physician-analysts, may form a society and become a constituent society of the American Psychoanalytic Association. There is no provision that the entire group of ten physicians must first have secured American State licenses. Furthermore, once such a group is organized, recognized, and admitted to membership in the American, there is no regulation of the American, either in its Constitution or By-laws, nor in any resolution, which forbids the admission of experienced laymen to membership in such a society, except that such laymen must have been trained or in training before the resolution against the future training of laymen went into effect in June 1938

It was agreed, therefore, that the solution of the problem for Los Angeles should be through the organization of the Los Angeles Psychoanalytic Society by ten recognized and properly qualified physician-analysts. After the admission of such a society to the American Psychoanalytic Association, it would be left to the discretion of the Los Angeles Society to accept such laymen as were adequately trained or in training prior to June 1938.

Several of those present, pointed out that although this solution was adequate for the California situation, the legal situation in New York and Chicago made a comparable attitude towards lay-analysts impossible in these cities, irrespective of the constitution of the societies concerned or of the American. In these two societies, hospitality to the refugee-laymen would have to be limited to the election of some of them to Honorary Membership, or to invitations to them to attend meetings and courses at the various institutes and societies in order, without violating local laws, to give them a feeling of scientific unity. It was pointed out that such an invitation has been extended to every refugee-analyst who has, during the last year and a half, resided in New York for any length of time, although, pending their final distribution and settlement, no new additions to membership have taken place from their number. Because New York is both the port of entry and also the place where it is possible for the refugee most easily and quickly to make a modest start, and where it is relatively easy to win admission to the State Board examinations, an undue number of refugees tend to spend several months to a year in New York before finding their ultimate

homes. This is one reason why New York has handled this problem particularly cautiously. Any sweeping change in its policy would find it confronted with a much larger number of lay-analysts than those registered with the immigration committee, not all of whom, however, are recognized by the International either.

The grounds of the discussion shifted at this point to include not only the problem of the refugee lay-analysts but also the more basic problem of the general *recognition of the right to train*. The unanimous sentiment of the meeting was that in this country, such recognition could be granted only by local training authorities and not by any central board, i. e., neither by a board of the American Psychoanalytic Association, nor of the International. Such centralized supervision of local educational processes was felt to be contrary to the entire tradition of academic independence in this country.

As an outcome of this discussion, it was unanimously decided that a letter should be written to Drs. Jones and Glover expressing the general sense of the meeting, indicating the eagerness of the American Psychoanalytic Association to cooperate in every way that is legally within its power, stressing at the same time the importance, 1) of making every refugee-analyst understand that the right to train is something which can be granted only by a local training institute and which does not automatically accrue to a refugee in this country because of his previous status as a training analyst in some society abroad; 2) that all refugees should come prepared to accept this fact and to abide by the decision of the Educational Committee of the Society or Institute with which they wish to affiliate; and 3) especially that there be no surreptitious private training by those whose right to train is not recognized here. For those who abide by this basic principle, there will be no difficulty in working out cordial relationships.

The letter should indicate further that all final decisions in these matters will be deferred until after Drs. Jones and Glover shall have visited here for a general discussion of all of these problems in the autumn.

The meeting adjourned at 12 noon.

L. S. KUBIE, M.D.,
Secretary

DRAFT OF LETTER SENT TO DRS. JONES AND GLOVER

My dear Dr. Jones:

At a special meeting of the Council on Professional Training of the American Psychoanalytic Association, held in Chicago on May 9, 1939, the problem of the relationship of the refugee lay-analyst to the American Psychoanalytic Association and its constituent societies was discussed in great detail.

I am enclosing for your information a copy of the minutes of that meeting.

It was the general sense of the meeting that no definite steps should be taken in this matter until after your visit here in the autumn, at which time it was hoped that a full discussion of the problem could be held. At the same time, as you will note from the minutes themselves, certain definite points of view and feelings were expressed, which will undoubtedly govern the policy of the American Psychoanalytic Association and of its constituent societies with regard to this. We look forward to a meeting in the autumn, confident that it will be possible to find a mutually satisfactory answer to all of these questions.

Very truly yours,

LAWRENCE S. KUBIE, M.D.,

Secretary

REPORT OF THE EMERGENCY COMMITTEE ON RELIEF AND IMMIGRATION

Presented to the Executive Council and to the Executive Session
of the American Psychoanalytic Association
on May 7th and 9th, 1939.

Your Committee was formed in March 1938, as described in its report to the Society in June 1938*. Its original membership consisted of: Drs. Deutsch, Murray, and Kaufman from Boston; Drs. Alexander, French, and Bacon from Chicago; Drs. Lewin, Rado, Meyer, Daniels, and Kubie from New York; and Dr. Hill from Washington-Baltimore.

Because almost all refugees have arrived through the port of New York, the work of the Committee devolved primarily upon its New York members. As this work became heavier, your chairman asked our president's permission to appoint a co-chairman to assist in carrying the constant routine, and to substitute for him when he was away. With Dr. Alexander's permission, Dr. Bettina Warburg was appointed to this post in July 1938, and has borne a large share of these tasks ever since.

As first your Committee operated independently of other existing relief organizations; but the futility of such isolated efforts soon became evident. Attempts to secure hospital positions led to frequent disappointments. Even simple inquiries addressed to various States for information as to their rules concerning the licensing of European physicians frequently were rebuffed. We found ourselves facing a growing panic throughout the country, the cause of which became clear in a short time: During the early years of the tide of immigration, the refugee physician had sought advice in many places. One man might write to twenty or thirty states and to a hundred hospitals. The organizations that tried to help him would do the same thing. Each refugee, therefore, was represented statistically by hundreds of inquiries, as though he were one hundred immigrants instead of one; and the impression had spread throughout the country that thousands upon

*Cf. Bulletin of American Psychoanalytic Association, Vol. I, June 1937-38, p. 65.

thousands of refugee physicians were arriving every year and would continue to do so indefinitely. As a consequence, within a few months forty-two of our forty-eight states had erected barriers of one kind or another against the licensing of any foreign physicians, thus forcing these physicians to concentrate on the eastern seaboard, where only six states still remained open to them

To stem this tide of panicky restrictions became our first effort, in the interest not of our analytical colleagues alone, but of all European physicians and medical scientists. During the last eight months, therefore, the efforts of your Committee have been devoted not only to the assistance of individual analysts, but to this larger task. Through these months we have worked in close cooperation with Dr. Ernst P. Boas, of the Committee for the Placement of Foreign Physicians, and with Dr. Irving Graef, of the Committee for Laboratory Workers. Together, these two and your two co-chairmen constituted themselves an informal steering committee, working at the same time in close accord with the Boston Committee for Medical Emigres, the Executive Committee of which consists of Dr. David L. Edsall (Chairman), Dr. Stanley Cobb (Vice-Chairman), Drs. Tracy J. Putnam, Joseph Pratt, Charles F. Wilinsky, Oliver Cope, Jacob Fine, and Mrs. William Herman (Executive Secretary).

The first necessary step was the centralization of the activities of the many committees already in the field. This has been accomplished under the auspices of the non-sectarian National Refugee Service, Inc. (formerly the National Coordinating Committee for Aid to Refugees and Immigrants Coming From Germany), at 165 West 46th Street, New York City,

The second step was the formulation of a program which would meet the requirements of the American community, allay the fears of American physicians, and open opportunities to our European colleagues. For this purpose the following plan was evolved:

a) A central registry for all European physicians was organized under the National Coordinating Committee, at 165 West 46th Street, New York City (BRyant 9-2102). It has a full-time executive secretary, Mr. Charles H. Jordan, and a part-time medical secretary, Dr. Nicholas Michelson.

b) Advisory Boards have been formed in each medical specialty, whose function it is to evaluate the training and equipment of every physician who presents himself to the National Coordinating Committee

for help. The organization of such boards has been of the greatest importance. Because they weed out the unfit, we can go before the country with the assurance that we are assisting no man who is demonstrably unworthy of such assistance, or who is unfitted either by reason of his training, or of his personality, to practice medicine in this country. The function of these boards is not in any sense to supplant the existing state licensing systems, but to guide the National Coordinating Committee in the use of its funds, and to make sure that it is attempting to resettle only those whose work will be of value to the communities in which they ultimately reside. With the cooperation of outstanding men in every field of medicine, twenty such Advisory Boards are now functioning in New York City, which is where such boards are needed primarily, since New York is the port of entry for all.

c) Those who are rejected by the Advisory Boards are assisted by the National Coordinating Committee to receive retraining in *non-medical fields*.

d) For those who are approved by the Advisory Boards, medical courses are being organized not in New York alone, but in conjunction with existing medical schools in all states where it is possible still for refugee physicians to take licensing examinations. Such medical courses are now operating or being formed at Harvard, Yale, Johns Hopkins, and in New York, Chicago, Cincinnati, and Cleveland

During the period of study for State Board Examinations, those who are passed by the Advisory Boards are given material assistance. They are scattered among the several cities in which training courses are organized. They take their examinations in those states, and after passing these examinations, they are resettled in communities from which requests have been received by the Central Committee for physicians.

e) An active investigative service is conducted by the Central Committee to discover communities in the country in which there is a dearth of physicians of all kinds.

f) To further this work throughout the country, a National Committee is being formed under the chairmanship of Dr. David L. Edsall, who announced the formation of this body in a letter to the Journal of the American Medical Association which was published on May 13, 1939, in Vol. 112, No. 19. A copy of this letter is appended to this report.

In the framework of this general organization, your Committee is proceeding with its special task of assisting in the resettlement of psychoanalysts.

STATEMENT OF FINANCES

To May 1, 1939

Total Contributions	\$17,240.00
Interest	154.43
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	\$17,394.43
Distributed	\$11,319.11
Expenses	787.62
Cash on hand	5,287.70
	<hr/>
	\$17,394.43

Contributions ranged from \$1.00 to \$2,000.00. Number of emigres receiving financial assistance while in this country: 24. Number assisted in Europe is unknown because \$3,000.00 was sent to Dr. Jones.

(NOTE: Included among the contributions listed above is \$250.00 which was paid back to the Fund by refugees).

Since the organization of this Committee, a great many refugees from European conditions have been assisted with advice, letters of introduction, financial aid, etc. The following list is not complete and includes some refugees who have assisted us, rather than the other way around. It is a fairly complete list, however, of those with whom our activities have brought us into active contact in one way or another. For many the present residences are not necessarily permanent homes. In many cases they are merely for the period during which the refugee is studying for his licensing examination. Once the licenses are secured, and once various state restrictions shall have been ironed out, we may expect a much wider distribution of our colleagues.

PSYCHOANALYSTS (Physicians)

(Members of the International Psychoanalytical Association)

BERGLER, DR. EDMUND	251 Central Park West New York City	TRafalgar 7-0970
EISSLER, DR. KURT	Michael Reese Hospital Chicago, Illinois	
EISSLER, DR. RUTH SELKE	5338 Blackstone Avenue Chicago, Illinois	
FEDERN, DR. PAUL	239 Central Park West New York City	TRafalgar 4-2036
FELDMAN, DR. S. SANDOR	5542 Jackson Street Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	
FESSLER, DR. LADISLAUS	Briar View Manor White Plains, New York	Gladstone 2190
FRIEDMAN, DR. PAUL	311 West 97th Street New York City	ACademy 4-3766
HAENEL, DR. IRENE	224 S. Muirfield Road Los Angeles, California	Whi. 3650
HAENEL, DR. JOACHIM	224 S. Muirfield Road Los Angeles, California	Whi. 3650
JACOBSSOHN, DR. EDITH	50 West 96th Street New York City	ACademy 2-4007
JEKELS, DR. LUDWIG	61 East 86th Street New York City	SACramento 2-5530
KARPE, DR. RICHARD	13 Forest St. Cambridge, Mass.	
KRONOLD, DR. EDWARD	17 East 96th Street New York City	ATwater 9-2089
LOWENFELD, DR. HEINRICH	130 West 86th Street New York City	ENdicott 2-8533
LOWENFELD, DR. HELENE	130 West 86th Street New York City	ENdicott 2-8533
MAHLER-SCHOENBERGER, DR. MARGARET	336 Central Park West New York City	ACademy 4-5337
REICH, DR. ANNIE	20 West 72nd Street New York City	TRafalgar 7-3800
SPERLING, DR. OTTO	958 St. John's Place Brooklyn, New York	PResident 2-2604
SPITZ, DR. RENE	1150 Fifth Avenue New York City	ATwater 9-4031
STERBA, DR. RICHARD	1130 Parker, Parkhurst Apts. Detroit, Michigan	Tuxedo 2-9209

VON HANN-KENDE, DR. FANNY	65 Central Park West New York City	ENdicott 2-4159
WAELDER, DR. JENNY	85 Lancaster Terrace Brookline, Massachusetts	Beacon 0142
WEIGERT-VOWINCKEL, DR. EDITH	Sheppard & Enoch Pratt Hospital Towson, Maryland	Towson 1200
WEISS, DR. EDOARDO	Menninger Clinic Topeka, Kansas	Topeka 3-3292
WINDHOLZ, DR. EMANUEL	1809 California Street San Francisco, California	

PSYCHOANALYSTS (Layman)

(Members of the International Psychoanalytical Association)

BORNSTEIN, BERTA	27 West 96th Street New York City	ACademy 4-6893
MANCHEN, ANNA	469 Jean Street Oakland, California	GLencourt 7660
REIK, THEODORE	205 West 57th Street New York City	CIrcle 5-5841
ROHEIM, GEZA	Worcester State Hospital Worcester, Massachusetts	
STERBA, EDITHA	1130 Parker, Parkhurst Apts. Detroit, Michigan	Tuxedo 2-9209
WAELDER, ROBERT	85 Lancaster Terrace Brookline, Massachusetts	Beacon 0142

PSYCHOANALYSTS IN TRAINING

(Who had been forced to leave Europe before completing
their training in psychoanalysis)

BAUM, DR. HELMUT	Hastings Hillside Hospital Hastings, New York	Hastings 800
HERZ, DR. RUTH	State Hospital Morgantown, North Carolina	
PAPPENHEIM, DR. ELSE	Henry Phipps Psychiatric Clinic Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, Md.	Wolfe 5500
SPERLING, DR. MELITTA	958 St. Johns Place Brooklyn, New York	PResident 2-2604
WALLENBERG, DR. MARIANNE	Peoria State Hospital Peoria, Illinois	

PSYCHIATRISTS

DUHRENHEIMER, DR. FELIX	260 West 91st Street New York City	SChuyler 4-9737
CARVE, DR. SAMUEL B.	13 Greenridge Avenue White Plains, New York	Gladstone 1663
GERSTMANN, DR. JOSEF (Until recently at Springfield State Hospital Sykesville, Maryland)	150 Riverside Drive New York City	SChuyler 4-5800
HAENDZEL, DR. VALERIE	255 Fort Washington Ave. New York City	WAdsworth 8-9338
HEIMAN, DR. MARCEL	Fulton State Hospital St. Louis, Missouri	
JOSSMAN, DR. PAUL	Neurological Department Boston University Medical School Boston, Massachusetts	
KARLINER, DR. WILLIAM	Broad St. Hospital 125 Broad Street, New York City	BOWling Green 9-3030
MAIER, DR. BERTHOLD	Friends Neighborhood Guild 534 N. Fourth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.	
MALBIN, DR. ISRAEL	Hawthornden State Hospital Macedonia, Ohio	
SILBERMANN, DR. MAXIMILIAN	National Psychopathic Hospital Manila, Philippine Islands	
WENGER, DR. PAUL	162 West 85th Street New York City	

TEACHERS

BRAUN, EDITH	Low Buildings, Bryn Mawr College, Bryn Mawr, Pa.	
EKSTEIN, DR. RUDOLF	New England Home for Little Wanderers Boston, Massachusetts	
HEILPERN-FUCHS, DR. ELSA	9342 Woodward Avenue Detroit, Michigan	
SCHMIDL, DR. FRIEDERICH (tutoring)	329 West 22nd Street New York City	CHelsea 2-0465
SCHMIDL-WAHNER, TRUDE (art instruction)	329 West 22nd Street New York City	CHelsea 2-0465
WOLF, KLARA	603 West 111th Street New York City	MONument 2-0974
WOLF, DR. MARGARET (piano teacher)	4 Willow Street Brooklyn, New York	MAine 5-5380

NEUROPATHOLOGISTS

ARNOLD, DR. HILDEGARDE

Yale University School of Medicine
New Haven, Connecticut

NEGRIN, DR. JUAN

Department of Pathology AShland 4-1800
New York University College of Medicine
New York City

PSYCHOANALYTICALLY TRAINED PSYCHOLOGISTS

MARSEILLE, DR. WALTER

(Rorschach tester, part-time with R.
H. Macy and Community Service
Society of New York)

640 Riverside Drive
New York City

AUdubon 3-8881

PELLER, MRS. LILI

1901 E. Madison Street
Baltimore, Maryland

RAPAPORT, DR. DEZSO

Osawatomie State Hospital
Osawatomie, Kansas

PSYCHOANALYTICALLY TRAINED LAWYERS for CRIMINOLOGICAL SOCIAL SERVICE

KANN, MR. ROBERT

302 West 109th Street
New York City

ACademy 2-9713

SCHMIDT, DR. EUGEN

72 Vermilyea Avenue (Apt. 4B)
New York City

INTERNS

BREUER, DR. JOSEF

Bronx Hospital
New York City

JErome 7-1900

HITSCHMANN, DR. MARGARETHE

New England Hospital for Women
and Children, Boston, Massachusetts

WANG, DR. MARTIN

Beth Israel Hospital
Newark, New Jersey

MEDICAL STUDENT

BELLAK, LEOPOLD

Department of Psychology
Boston University, Boston, Massachusetts

We also report with deep sorrow the death of Dr. Gertrude Bry. During her short stay in this country, Dr. Bry had earned the high regard of her associates at the Elgin State Hospital and at the time of her death was about to undertake work at the Washington University, St. Louis, in association with Dr. David Rioch.

With this report the original chairman is forced by the pressure of other duties to resign his chairmanship of this Committee, turning it over to his co-chairman, Dr. Bettina Warburg. Future communications to the Committee should therefore be addressed directly to Dr. Warburg (50 East 78th Street, New York City—BUtterfield 8-3336).

LAWRENCE S. KUBIE, M.D.,

BETTINA WARBURG, M.D.,

Co-Chairmen

Emergency Committee on Relief and Immigration

A Reprint From

THE JOURNAL OF THE
AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

MAY 13, 1939, VOL. 112, No. 19

(Correspondence)

*A Program For The Refugee
Physician*

To the Editor:

The purpose of this statement is to inform the medical profession at large of the facts concerning refugee physicians in this country and to offer a just and reasonable program to resolve the existing problem to the mutual advantage of the communities in which they are seeking shelter and of the emigres themselves.

Until recently current misconceptions about the facts and a lack of understanding of the nature of the situation have added needless difficulties and complications. The committee hopes that this statement will serve primarily to clarify the facts in order to provide a better spirit of understanding in terms of mutual responsibility.

THE FACTS

During the period from July 1, 1934, to Dec. 1, 1938, corresponding to the time of the National Socialist regime in Germany, 1,528 physicians have migrated to the United States from Greater Germany.

The official figures covering this period are the following:

July 1, 1934, to July 1, 1935.....	104
July 1, 1935, to July 1, 1936.....	253
July 1, 1936, to July 1, 1937.....	286
July 1, 1937, to July 1, 1938.....	365
July 1, to Dec. 1, 1938.....	520

1,528

Of this number, approximately 25 per cent are Catholic or Protestant and 75 per cent are of Jewish or partly Jewish origin.

There are at present 170,000 physicians in the United States, and *our own medical schools* graduate 5,500 new physicians each year. Despite this, the number of physicians in relation to the general population has been steadily decreasing, from 1 to 662 in 1886 to 1 to 784 in 1934.

THE PROBLEM IS SELF LIMITED

On the basis of the situation abroad, there will be a substantial reduction in the number of refugee physicians entering this country in future years, since:

1. Those who now apply for admission to this country must wait three or four years for their quota numbers to become available.

2. An indication of the limited nature of the problem is furnished by official Berlin statistics, published in the Sept. 17, 1938, issue of *THE JOURNAL*, revealing that there were fewer than 2,500 Jewish doctors left in Germany proper on July 1, 1938. Of these some have since emigrated to all parts of the globe. Approximately 700 have permits to practice among the Jews left in Germany. It is estimated that there are hardly more than 1,000 potential medical emigrants in Germany itself. In this connection, an item in the *New York Times* of April 26, 1939, dealing with Jewish emigration from Germany, is of particular interest: "Significantly enough, the only Jews whose emigration is being discouraged are physicians, especially surgeons, who might prove useful in case of war."

The quotas for admission to the United States from Poland, Hungary, Rumania and Czechoslovakia are so small that in any one year not more than an aggregate of 200 to 300 physicians could possibly enter from these countries.

3. Many of the Jewish physicians remaining in Germany are advanced in years. Many are close to the age of retirement.

4. Students of the type who later might have to emigrate can no longer enter the medical schools in Greater Germany, Czechoslovakia, and so on. In the eastern European countries, restriction of entry for such students in medical schools has been in practice for years, and we need anticipate no significant immigration of physicians into the United States from these countries.

The peak load has clearly been passed. The concentration of the refugees on the Eastern Seaboard has created an exaggerated impression of their actual numbers, either present or future. Therefore the committee feels that the question has now become one of the proper selection and distribution of a limited number of physicians and that an adequate and practical solution can be found based on a carefully studied and administered plan.

THE STRUCTURE

The Committee for the Resettlement of Foreign Physicians has been organized under the egis of the non-sectarian National Coordinating Committee for Aid to Refugees. Since New York City is the port of entry for the large majority of immigrants, the central office is located at 165 West Forty-Sixth Street. However, there is a *National Committee* composed of representatives of members of the local committees, such as the Boston Committee on Medical Emigres (Dr. David Edsall, chairman), the Baltimore Committee (Dr. John M. T. Finney, chairman and the Chicago committee (Dr. Dallas B. Phemister, chairman), as well as of the New Haven and New Jersey Committees, which are being formed. The New York Committee works in close cooperation with these committees, but since the initial task of selection devolves on New York, the following organization has been set up:

Members of the *General Advisory Council* include Dr. George Baehr, Dr. Clarence G. Bandler, Dr. Ernst P. Boas, Dr. Louis Casamajor, Dr. Alfred E. Cohn, Dr. Lewis A. Conner, Dr. Haven Emerson, Dr. N. Chandler Foot, Dr. Frank Freemont-Smith, Dr. Irving Graef, Dr. Foster Kennedy, Dr. John D. Kernan, Dr. Lawrence S. Kubie, Dr. Emanuel Libman, Dr. Currier McEwen, Dr. Walter W. Palmer, Dr. Henry Aslop Riley, Dr. Peyton Rous, Dr. Charles Hendee Smith, Dr. J. Bentley Squier, Dr. Mills Sturtevant, Dr. Homer F. Swift, Dr. Howard C. Taylor, Jr. and Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff.

There is a *central office*, where each refugee physician is registered for the detailed examination of his credentials. (Information about any foreign physician may be obtained by writing to Mr. Charles H. Jordan, Secretary.)

There are *advisory boards* in each of twenty medical specialties whose function is to evaluate and examine the personal and scientific qualifications of every refugee. These boards make confidential reports on the qualifications of each individual physician, which are filed in the central office.

Those who are passed by the advisory board are then given material aid by the National Coordinating Committee while studying for state board examinations.

A *curriculum committee* arranges lectures in various departments of medicine. Emphasis is placed on the broad cultural requirements of American medicine as well as on the factual information required for

the licensing examinations. A program for clinical retraining is being prepared to fit certain specialists for general practice.

The Committee seeks to secure voluntary assistantships, supernumerary internships and temporary clinic appointments for eligible physicians to assist them in their studies.

After passing their examinations, physicians are *resettled* in communities where there is a known shortage of medical care. This is done only after consultation with the local authorities and with local representatives of the medical profession.

THE SOLUTION

Community needs must be considered as well as the needs of the physician. Resettlement of qualified physicians in areas most in need of medical service, and therefore best able to absorb the newcomers, is the solution proposed by the Committee for the Resettlement of Foreign Physicians. To this end the committee hopes that a change can be effected in the regulations in a majority of states, which now either bar foreign physicians from practice or make it unduly difficult for them to obtain a license until they become citizens (a period of five years). These local regulations have been largely responsible for the concentration of these physicians on the Atlantic seaboard.

Unquestionably certain foreign physicians cannot and should not be permitted to practice here until they are thoroughly qualified. A few will never be able to meet American requirements. These, obviously, must be retrained outside the medical field.

The committee proposes, through an examining board of qualified physicians, to pass upon the personal or scientific qualifications of the incoming physicians. It will give no support to those who are adjudged to be unfit to practice in this country.

In this connection it is important to quote here from a statement of the Boston Committee on Medical Emigres, as follows:

After some ten months of experience, this Committee has learned:

1. That a substantial proportion of the medical refugees here and abroad are among the most talented members of the profession, in research and in clinical fields.

2. That existing prejudices against them derive most often from lack of contact and from fear that as aliens they are somehow undesirable. When they are given an opportunity to present themselves in person and have their professional achievements properly scrutinized, preconceived objections to them frequently soften or entirely disappear.

3. It appears likely that, if a thorough-going search of this country's unfilled medical needs were made, all of these men who have arrived or may arrive here and whom we consider competent would be absorbed without difficulty and to the distinct advantage of institutions and communities which otherwise go without the services they can provide.

It is the hope of the Committee for the Resettlement of Foreign Physicians that all members of the medical profession will cooperate in its work, to the end that the refugee physicians, who have no desire to compete with American physicians in congested areas, may be given an opportunity to exercise their profession, their skill and their training in areas where their services are most needed.

DAVID L. EDSALL, M.D., Boston,

Honorary Chairman, National Committee for
the Resettlement of Foreign Physicians.

MINUTES OF THE GENERAL EXECUTIVE SESSION

May 9, 1939

Dr. Alexander, Chairman, called the meeting to order at noon.

Attendance: Not recorded, because of the illness of the Secretary.

- I. It was moved, seconded and unanimously carried that the reading of the minutes of the last Executive Session of the Association be waived, and that these minutes be published in the Bulletin.
- II. The order of business was then altered so that the nomination and election of officers could take place at the end of the meeting when business was completed.
- III. Because of the illness of the Secretary, Dr. Hill, as Acting-Secretary, read a digest of the proceedings of the Executive Council at its meeting on May 7, 1939. The report was accepted and all recommendations approved unanimously.
- IV. Dr. Hill then read a digest of the proceedings of the two meetings of the Council on Professional Training (that of May 7, 1939, and that which had immediately preceded the Executive Session of the Association on May 9th). This report was accepted and all recommendations unanimously approved, to wit:
 - (a) That the application of the Philadelphia Psychoanalytic Society for admission to the American Psychoanalytic Association be approved, pending similar action by the International Psychoanalytical Association.
 - (b) That the problem of certification be discussed further at a special meeting of the Association on the following day.
 - (c) That the Sub-Committee on the placement of psychoanalysts throughout the United States continue its investigations under the Chairmanship of Dr. Maeder.
 - (d) That a resolution be passed and forwarded to the American Medical Association approving the project of the American Medical Library Association for a centralized indexing and abstracting service.
 - (e) That a round table discussion be held at the next annual meeting of the Association, on the problem of the selection and weeding out of students for training in psychoanalysis.

- (f) That a letter be written to Drs. Jones and Glover, indicating that all action on the problem of the relationship of lay-analysts to the American Psychoanalytic Association and its constituent societies would be deferred until after the forthcoming meeting with Drs. Jones and Glover in September, 1939.

V. Nominations and elections of officers:

- (a) For President: Dr. Lewis E. Hill. (Nominated by Dr. Rado, seconded by Dr. Bullard. There were no further nominations and the election was declared unanimous.
- (b) For Vice-President: Dr. George E. Daniels. (Nominated by Dr. Rado, seconded by Dr. Kaufman.) No further nominations; election unanimous.
- (c) For Secretary: Dr. Lawrence S. Kubie. (Nominated by Dr. Lewin, seconded by Dr. Kaufman.) There were no further nominations; election unanimous.
- (d) For Treasurer: Dr. Helen V. McLean. (Nominated by Dr. Lucia Tower, seconded by Dr. Maeder.)
Dr. Martin Peck (Nominated by Dr. Kaufman, seconded by Dr. Florence Clothier.)
Dr. McLean elected.

- VI. The Treasurer's report and the report of the Auditing Committee were read and accepted.
(See appended report.)

- VII. Dr. Bettina Warburg presented a report on the work of the Emergency Committee on Relief and Immigration. This report was accepted.
(See appended report.)

- VIII. It was moved, seconded and unanimously carried that the President and Secretary be asked to write a letter of sympathy and condolence to Mrs. Monroe Meyer, expressing our deep sorrow at the loss of our esteemed colleague.

- IX. Meeting adjourned at 1:05 P.M.

L. S. KUBIE, M.D.,

Secretary

MINUTES OF THE SPECIAL EXECUTIVE SESSION

For the DISCUSSION of the PROBLEM of CERTIFICATION in PSYCHOANALYSIS

May 10, 1939

FOREWORD:

At the meeting of the Council on Professional Training on May 7, 1939, Dr. French had summarized the work of the Certification Committee. In order to bring all of the discussion together, this summary is presented here.

Dr. French reported that in the autumn of 1938 Dr. Kaufman had drawn up a plan which subsequently had been put into proper legal form by the Counsel of the Association. This plan had been approved by the Committee, but had been rejected by a majority of the constituent societies. The basic principles underlying this plan had been the following:

- (a) That the principle of certification as a specialist was rapidly being adopted by all the medical specialties in this country.
- (b) That although in our own eyes membership in any one of the constituent Psychoanalytic Societies constituted prima-facie evidence of an adequate basic training in analysis, it did not constitute an exact equivalent of certification, since in all of the other specialties certification was given only after a man had practiced his specialty for several years, and then only after examination.
- (c) That conformity with a practice that was being adopted by all medical specialties and throughout the country might have several advantages. It might facilitate official recognition of the Association as the authority on adequate training in analysis and on proper practice of analysis. It might assist individuals in securing official recognition in their specialty in schools, clinics and hospitals throughout the country. Finally, it would forestall the possibility that any other organization might attempt to certify in psychoanalysis.
- (d) At the same time it was recognized that it was important that this move should not give rise to any possible misunderstanding with the American Psychiatric Association. Therefore, Certification in Psychoanalysis should not conflict or seem in any way to compete

with the Certification in Psychiatry by the American Board of Neurology and Psychiatry.

- (e) To this end, and also in order to insure a proper basic training in psychiatry, — and also in order to further a close affiliation between psychiatry and psychoanalysis, the plan proposed that no one should become eligible for certification in psychoanalysis until he had secured certification in psychiatry from the American Board of Neurology and Psychiatry.
- (f) The plan provided further that senior members of the Association who had been certified in psychiatry should be eligible for certification without examination, but that all members of the Association who had been members for less than a certain limited number of years should be certified only after they had been members for at least five years and after specific examinations in psychoanalysis. The Boston Psychoanalytic Society alone approved the plan in toto.

The New York Society approved of the general principle of certification, but wanted further study of the question. The other societies rejected the plan on various grounds, — dominated chiefly, however, by the feeling that to make certification in psychoanalysis possible only after a prerequisite certification in psychiatry, might involve various dangerous complications and restrictions.

Because of this basic disagreement, the Committee decided to ask for a general discussion of the whole problem at a special executive session of the Association.

Deliberations at the Special Executive Session

May 10, 1939

Dr. Hill (Chairman) called the meeting to order at noon.

- I. Dr. Kaufman made a motion that the whole project of certification in analysis should be dropped. This was seconded by Dr. Lorand with the suggested amendment that it be dropped for five years.
- II. The basic issue underlying the problem of certification and the plan suggested, and the reactions of the various societies to these plans, were then reviewed in detail, as outlined in the foreword above.

Discussion of the problem was very general. Those taking a particularly active part were: Drs. Alexander, Ruth Brunswick, Chas-sell, French, Hill, Kaufman, Lorand, McLean, Saul and Zilboorg. All aspects of the problem were discussed: i. e., the relationship to the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, the necessity of avoiding two competitive Boards for Certification, the necessity of insuring sound basic training in psychiatry for all psychoanalysts, the issue of whether such a step was premature while psychoanalytic education still lacked essential standards and an adequate measure of uniformity, the dangers of premature conformity to a single standard, the dangers of the injection of political issues into the question, the advisability or inadvisability of making stratifications of this kind among the ranks of psychoanalysts, the question of whether the problem should be studied by the Council on Professional Training or by a separate committee, etc.

Finally, it was moved, seconded and carried that a Committee of at least six members should be appointed by the President to continue a study of this problem for a period of at least two years and to report to the Association on the results of its studies in the course of that time.

Meeting adjourned at 1:00 P.M.

L. S. KUBIE, M.D.,

Secretary

AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC ASSOCIATION

TREASURER'S REPORT

January 1, 1938 to June 1, 1938

BALANCE ON HAND AS OF JANUARY 1, 1938	\$ 831.04
RECEIPTS	
Dues	740.00
	<hr/>
TOTAL	\$1,571.04
DISBURSEMENTS	425.78
	<hr/>
BALANCE ON HAND AS OF JUNE 1, 1938	\$1,145.26
DISBURSEMENTS	
Office supplies and secretarial expenses	\$ 183.47
Traveling expenses for members of committees	131.56
Special expenses re meetings, etc.	110.75
	<hr/>
	\$ 425.78

AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC ASSOCIATION

TREASURER'S REPORT

June 1, 1938 to May 1, 1939

BALANCE ON HAND AS OF JUNE 1, 1938	\$1,145.26
RECEIPTS	
Entrance fees from new Societies	\$ 50.00
Dues	905.00
Dividends, gifts, etc.	31.50
	<hr/>
TOTAL	2,131.76
DISBURSEMENTS	840.03
	<hr/>
BALANCE ON HAND AS OF MAY 1, 1939	\$1,291.73
DISBURSEMENTS	
Office supplies and secretarial expenses	\$ 416.36
Traveling expenses for members of committees	290.72
Special expenses re meetings, etc.	15.65
Printing expenses	117.30
	<hr/>
	\$ 840.03

REPORTS OF THE CONSTITUENT SOCIETIES

BOSTON PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETY

REPORT OF ACTIVITIES

1938-1939

1939-1940

OFFICERS

DR. M. RALPH KAUFMAN, *Pres.*
 DR. JACOB FINESINGER, *Vice-Pres.*
 DR. JOHN M. MURRAY, *Sec-Treas.*

DR. HELENE DEUTSCH, *Pres.*
 DR. JOHN M. MURRAY, *Vice-Pres.*
 DR. NIELS L. ANTHONISEN, *Sec-Treas.*

COMMITTEES

Educational Committee

DR. WILLIAM G. BARRETT
 DR. ISADOR H. CORIAT
 DR. HELENE DEUTSCH
 DR. M. RALPH KAUFMAN, (*ex-officio*)
 DR. JOHN M. MURRAY
 DR. MARTIN W. PECK
 DR. HANNS SACHS

DR. WILLIAM G. BARRETT
 DR. ISADOR H. CORIAT
 DR. HELENE DEUTSCH, (*ex-officio*)
 DR. M. RALPH KAUFMAN, *Chairman*
 DR. JOHN M. MURRAY
 DR. MARTIN W. PECK
 DR. HANNS SACHS

AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC ASSOCIATION

Executive Council

	Term expires		Term expires
DR. JACOB FINESINGER	1939	DR. MARTIN W. PECK	1940

Council on Professional Training

DR. M. RALPH KAUFMAN	1939	DR. JOHN M. MURRAY	1940
DR. JOHN M. MURRAY	1940	DR. HELENE DEUTSCH	1941
DR. HELENE DEUTSCH	1941	DR. M. RALPH KAUFMAN	1942

SCIENTIFIC MEETINGS

1939

March 4: Dr. Fritz Wittels (New York): "UNCONSCIOUS PHANTOM
 FORMATION IN NEUROTICS."

May 31: Dr. Helene Deutsch: "EMOTIONAL DISTURBANCES AND
 THEIR RELATIONSHIP TO SCHIZOPHRENIA."

BUSINESS MEETINGS

1938

June 20: The Minimal Standards for the Training of Physicians in Psychoanalysis and for the Organization and Conduct of Training Institutes were accepted.

November 22: The membership of Dr. Jenny Waelder was transferred from the Vienna to the Boston Society.

Dr. Robert Waelder and Dr. Gregory Zilboorg were elected to honorary membership in the Society.

The recommendations for the publication of a Bulletin of the American Psychoanalytic Association, as outlined by the Secretary of the American Psychoanalytic Association, were accepted unanimously.

The proposals drawn up by the Certification Committee of the American Psychoanalytic Association were read and passed.

1939

May 31:

ELECTION OF OFFICERS FOR THE YEAR 1939-40:

DR. HELENE DEUTSCH, *President*

DR. JOHN M. MURRAY, *Vice-President*

DR. NIELS L. ANTHONISEN, *Secretary-Treasurer*

Educational Committee

DR. M. RALPH KAUFMAN,
in place of

DR. HELENE DEUTSCH, who as President of the Society is a member ex-officio

AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC ASSOCIATION

Executive Council

DR. MARTIN W. PECK, for one year

Council on Professional Training

DR. M. RALPH KAUFMAN, for three years

JOHN M. MURRAY,
Secretary

CHICAGO PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETY

REPORT OF ACTIVITIES

1938-1939

1939-1940

OFFICERS

DR. HELEN VINCENT McLEAN, <i>Pres.</i>	DR. HELEN VINCENT McLEAN, <i>Pres.</i>
DR. LEO H. BARTEMEIER, <i>Vice-Pres.</i>	DR. LEO H. BARTEMEIER, <i>Vice-Pres.</i>
DR. GEORGE J. MOHR, <i>Sec.-Treas.</i>	DR. GEORGE J. MOHR, <i>Sec.-Treas.</i>

COMMITTEES

Educational Committee

DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER	DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER
DR. LEO H. BARTEMEIER	DR. LEO H. BARTEMEIER
DR. N. LIONEL BLITZSTEN	DR. N. LIONEL BLITZSTEN
DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH, <i>Chairman</i>	DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH, <i>Chairman</i>
DR. HELEN VINCENT McLEAN, (<i>ex-officio</i>)	DR. HELEN VINCENT McLEAN (<i>ex-officio</i>)

Program Committee

DR. CATHERINE BACON	DR. CATHERINE BACON
DR. LEO H. BARTEMEIER	DR. LEO H. BARTEMEIER
DR. EDWIN R. EISLER, <i>Chairman</i>	DR. EDWIN R. EISLER, <i>Chairman</i>

AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC ASSOCIATION

Executive Council

	Term expires		Term expires
DR. N. LIONEL BLITZSTEN	1939	DR. N. LIONEL BLITZSTEN	1940

Council on Professional Training

DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH	1939	DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER	1940
DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER	1940	DR. N. LIONEL BLITZSTEN	1941
DR. N. LIONEL BLITZSTEN	1941	DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH	1942

SCIENTIFIC MEETINGS

1938

- October 15: Dr. Harry B. Levey: "A METAPSYCHOLOGICAL HYPOTHESIS CONCERNING INSPIRATION AND ARTISTIC CREATION."
- October 29: Dr. Rudolf Fuerst: "A CASE OF ACTUAL INCEST WITH THE MOTHER."
- November 12: Dr. Leon J. Saul: "ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAMS AND THE PSYCHOLOGICAL ORGANIZATION OF THE PERSONALITY"
and
Dr. Roy Grinker: "STUDIES ON CORTICOHYPOTHALAMIC RELATIONS."
- December 3: Dr. Martin Grotjahn: "DREAM OBSERVATIONS ON A TWO-YEAR-FOUR-MONTHS-OLD BABY."
- December 17: Dr. Martin Grotjahn: "PSYCHOANALYTIC INVESTIGATION OF A SEVENTY-ONE-YEAR-OLD MAN WITH SENILE DEMENTIA."

1939

- January 7: Dr. Gregory Zilboorg: "AMBULATORY SCHIZOPHRENIAS."
- January 31: Dr. Bernard Kamm: "THE ANALYSIS OF A CASE OF STUTTERING."
- February 17: Dr. Paul Kramer: "A PROBLEM OF REALITY ADAPTATION."
- March 4: *Short Communications:*
Dr. Jacob Kasanin: "A CLINICAL NOTE ON MISIDENTIFICATION."
Dr. Leon J. Saul: "A NOTE ON THE NOSE AS A FEMININE SYMBOL."
Dr. Helen V. McLean: Remarks on Levin's "THE OLD BUNCH" and Farrell's "STUDS LONIGAN."
- March 18: Dr. Richard Sterba: "THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE"
and
Dr. Catherine Bacon: "AN INCIDENT OF PAIN OF THE ULCER TYPE."

- April 22: Dr. W. Horsely Gantt (by invitation): "EXPERIMENTAL NEUROSES IN ANIMALS."
- May 20: Dr. Julius Steinfeld: "CONTRIBUTION TO TWIN PSYCHOLOGY."
- June 5: Dr. Albrecht Meyer: "CORRELATIONS BETWEEN EMOTIONS AND CHANGES IN CARBOHYDRATE METABOLISM IN A CASE OF DIABETES MELLITUS."
- June 17: Dr. Hyman S. Lippman: "APPLICATION OF PSYCHOANALYSIS TO CHILD GUIDANCE WORK"
and
Dr. Malcolm Finley: "THE RESULTS OF A PLAY PERIOD BETWEEN PROBLEM CHILDREN AND THEIR PARENTS."

BUSINESS MEETINGS

1938

- Oct. 15: An amendment to the Constitution and By-laws of the American Psychoanalytic Association was accepted, establishing one meeting each year instead of two.
- The resignations of members of the newly formed Topeka Society were accepted: Drs. Karl and William Menninger, Knight, Kamm, Simmel, Tidd, and Berliner.
- It was decided to secure more information concerning a committee of the American Psychoanalytic Association for the study of the problem of certification in psychoanalysis before the President be empowered to appoint a member to this committee.
- Dr. Fritz Redl was invited to be a guest at the meetings of the Society.
- The report of the Educational Committee concerning new candidates was accepted.
- Dr. French announced that any active member of the Chicago Society who wishes to present a course in the Institute may do so, provided there are students registered for the course and provided it can be worked into the general program of the Institute.

Oct. 29: Dr. French was appointed tentatively to the committee to study the question of certification.

The Society raised the question of whether any form of certification was desirable at all and sent a telegram to Dr. French in New York to that effect.

The report of the Educational Committee with additional candidates was accepted.

Dec. 3: Dr. French reported on the meeting of the Committee on the proposed Board of Certification. It was decided to reject the proposal that an American Board of Certification in Psychoanalysis be established.

Dec. 17: The plan for an official Bulletin of the American Psychoanalytic Association was approved unanimously.

1939

Feb. 3: The Secretary's report and the Treasurer's report were read and accepted

The report of the Educational Committee was accepted.

Dr. Catherine Bacon, Dr. Leo H. Bartemeier and Dr. Margaret Gerard were recognized as training analysts. Dr. George W. Wilson was elected to Active Membership.

March 18: An informal discussion took place over the question of a Certification Board and concerning the question of regulating the number of candidates for training in psychoanalysis

Drs. Mohr and McLean and Mrs. Milton Miller were elected to be a Committee on Arrangements for the May meetings of the American Psychoanalytic Association.

June 3:

The reports of the Secretary and Treasurer, of the Educational Committee, and of the Program Committee were read and accepted.

Drs. Paul Kramer and Rudolf Fuerst were elected to Associate Membership.

Dr. Richard Sterba was unanimously accepted as a training analyst by transfer.

An assessment of \$2.00 per member to help pay for the Bulletin was approved.

The Treasurer was appointed as a committee of one to analyze possible expenditures of the treasury next year, with a view to making recommendations regarding a possible change in dues.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS FOR THE YEAR 1939-40:

DR. HELEN VINCENT McLEAN, *President*

DR. LEO H. BARTEMEIER, *Vice-President*

DR. GEORGE J. MOHR, *Secretary-Treasurer*

Educational Committee

DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER

DR. LEO H. BARTEMEIER

DR. N. LIONEL BLITZSTEN

DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH, *Chairman*

DR. HELEN VINCENT McLEAN

Program Committee

DR. CATHERINE BACON

DR. LEO H. BARTEMEIER

DR. EDWIN R. EISLER, *Chairman*

AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC ASSOCIATION

Executive Council

DR. N. LIONEL BLITZSTEN, for one year

Council on Professional Training

DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH, for three years

GEORGE J. MOHR,
Secretary

NEW YORK PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETY

REPORT OF ACTIVITIES

1938-1939

1939-1940

OFFICERS

DR. BERTRAM D. LEWIN, *Pres.*
 DR. LEONARD BLUMGART, *Vice-Pres.*
 DR. GEORGE E. DANIELS, *Sec.*
 DR. MONROE A. MEYER, *Treas.***

DR. LAWRENCE S. KUBIE, *Pres.*
 DR. JOHN A. P. MILLET, *Vice-Pres.*
 DR. SUSANNA S. HAIGH, *Sec.*
 DR. SAMUEL ATKIN, *Treas.*

COMMITTEES

Educational Committee

DR. GEORGE E. DANIELS
 DR. DAVID M. LEVY
 DR. BERTRAM D. LEWIN*
 DR. SANDOR LORAND
 DR. MONROE A. MEYER**
 DR. SANDOR RADO*
 DR. ADOLPH STERN, *Chairman*

DR. SAMUEL ATKIN*, *Vice Chairman*
 DR. LAWRENCE S. KUBIE*
 DR. DAVID M. LEVY
 DR. BERTRAM D. LEWIN, *Chairman*
 DR. SANDOR RADO*
 DR. ADOLPH STERN
 DR. GREGORY ZILBOORG

AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC ASSOCIATION

Executive Council

	Term expires		Term expires
DR. DAVID M. LEVY	1939	DR. LEONARD BLUMGART	1940

Council on Professional Training

DR. BERTRAM D. LEWIN	1939	DR. GEORGE E. DANIELS	1940
DR. GEORGE E. DANIELS	1940	DR. SANDOR RADO	1941
DR. SANDOR RADO	1941	DR. KAREN HORNEY	1942

*Ex-officio

**Dr. Meyer died in February, 1939. Dr. Daniels was appointed to fill out the unexpired term.

SCIENTIFIC MEETINGS

1938

- October 18: Interval meeting. Dr. Robert Fliess: "REVIEW OF FREUD'S 'ANALYSIS TERMINABLE AND INTERMINABLE.'"
- October 25: Regular meeting. Dr. Abraham Kardiner: "ANALYTIC OBSERVATIONS ON THE CULTURE OF THE MARQUESAS ISLANDS."
Discussed by: Drs. Eisenbud (by invitation), Frank, Kardiner, Kubie, Levy, Lewin, Meyer, Mittelman, and Rado.
- November 15: Interval meeting. Dr. Robert Fliess: Continuation of "REVIEW OF FREUD'S 'ANALYSIS TERMINABLE AND INTERMINABLE.'"
- November 29: Regular meeting. Dr. Franz Cohn (by invitation): "PRACTICAL APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM OF NARCISSTIC NEUROSES."
Discussed by: Drs. Cohn, Federn, Kubie, Lorand, Mittelman, Rado, Stern, and van Ophuijsen.
- December 20: Regular meeting. Dr. Sandor Lorand: "THE RESULT OF THE FEMALE-PENIS FANTASY IN MALE CHARACTER FORMATION."
Discussed by: Drs. Binger, Daniels, Frank, Liss, Lorand, Parker, Rado, Stern, Thompson, and van Ophuijsen.

1939

- January 17: Interval meeting. Dr. Bela Mittelman and Dr. Harold Wolfe (by invitation): "FURTHER INVESTIGATIONS ON AFFECT AND SKIN TEMPERATURE."
- January 31: Regular meeting. Dr. J. H. W. van Ophuijsen: "IDENTIFICATION IN DELINQUENCY."
Discussed by: Drs. Broadwin, Federn, Levy, Oberndorf, Orgel, Robbins, van Ophuijsen, and Zilboorg.
- February 21: Interval meeting. Dr. Carl M. Harold (by invitation): "A CONTROVERSY ABOUT TECHNIQUE; COMPARISON OF THE METHODS OF THEODOR REIK AND WILHELM REICH."
- February 27: Regular meeting cancelled on account of the death of Dr. Meyer.

- March 28: Regular meeting. Dr. Gregory Zilboorg: "THE DISCOVERY OF THE OEDIPUS COMPLEX (Some Episodes from Marcel Proust)".
Discussed by: Drs. Federn, Lewin, Mittelmann, Rado, and Zilboorg.
- April 11: Special meeting. Presentation of papers by candidates for admission to the Society.
Dr. William H. Dunn: "THE FEAR OF LOSING CONTROL."
Dr. Alva Gwin: "FIXATION AT THE PHALLIC STAGE."
Dr. Sidney Kahr: "A PATIENT WHOSE PARENTS SEPARATED BEFORE HIS BIRTH."
Dr. Emile Gordon Stoloff: "CLINICAL NOTES ON EJACULATORY INHIBITION."
- April 25: Dr. Fritz Wittels: "UNCONSCIOUS PHANTOM FORMATION IN NEUROTICS."
- May 16: Dr. Herman Numberg (by invitation): "EGO WEAKNESS AND EGO STRENGTH."
Discussed by: Drs. Kubie, Nunberg, Annie Reich, and Wittels.

BUSINESS MEETINGS

NOTE: Short business meetings followed each scientific meeting, but only routine matters were dealt with.

1938

- December 14: A special meeting was called for the consideration of the establishment of a Board of Certification of the American Psychoanalytic Association.

1939

- May 16: Two adjournments of this meeting were held for the purpose of considering the proposals of the Committee on Reorganization of the Constitution, the Chairman of which is Dr. Leonard Blumgart. It was decided to hold over definite recommendations until the fall. At the second adjourned meeting on June 13, nominations for officers were made.

June 20: ELECTION OF OFFICERS FOR THE YEAR 1939-40:
(Annual Meeting)

DR. LAWRENCE S. KUBIE, *President*
DR. JOHN A. P. MILLET, *Vice-President*
DR. SUSANNA S. HAIGH, *Secretary*
DR. SAMUEL ATKIN, *Treasurer*

Board of Directors

DR. CARL BINGER
DR. PHILIP R. LEHRMAN
DR. BERTRAM D. LEWIN

Educational Committee

DR. BERTRAM D. LEWIN
DR. GREGORY ZILBOORG

AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC ASSOCIATION

Executive Council

DR. LEONARD BLUMGART, for one year

Council on Professional Training

DR. KAREN HORNEY, for three years

On February 27, 1939, the Society suffered a severe loss through the death of Dr. Monroe A. Meyer. Dr. Meyer has been the Treasurer of the Society and the Executive Director of the Institute over a period of several years. He has been one of the Society's most active and loyal members, whose place it will be difficult to fill.

GEORGE E. DANIELS,
Secretary

THE PHILADELPHIA PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETY

206 South 13th Street

Philadelphia, Pa.

FOUNDING

A psychoanalytic society was organized in Philadelphia on October 27, 1937. Its Charter Members were:

DR. SYDNEY G. BIDDLE

DR. O. SPURGEON ENGLISH

DR. LEROY M. A. MAEDER

DR. GEORGE W. SMELTZ

A special sub-committee of the Council on Professional Training of the American Psychoanalytic Association, consisting of Dr. Thomas M. French, chairman, and Drs. Bertram B. Lewin, M. Ralph Kaufman, and Lewis B. Hill, was appointed at the meeting of the Council in Washington, D. C., on December 28, 1937. In February, 1939, this sub-committee recommended to the Council the admission of the Philadelphia Society at the next regular meeting of the American Psychoanalytic Association in Chicago, Illinois. This recommendation was accepted by the American Psychoanalytic Association in its regular annual meeting in Chicago, on May 9, 1939.

OFFICERS

DR. SYDNEY G. BIDDLE, *President*

DR. O. SPURGEON ENGLISH, *Vice-President*

DR. LEROY M. A. MAEDER, *Secretary-Treasurer*

TOPEKA PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETY

REPORT OF ACTIVITIES

1938-1939

1939-1940

OFFICERS

DR. KARL A. MENNINGER, *Pres.*

DR. KARL A. MENNINGER, *Pres.*

DR. ROBERT P. KNIGHT, *Sec.-Treas.*

DR. ROBERT P. KNIGHT, *Sec.-Treas.*

COMMITTEES

Program Committee

DR. WILLIAM C. MENNINGER

DR. WILLIAM C. MENNINGER

DR. MARTIN GROTJAHN

DR. MARTIN GROTJAHN

AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC ASSOCIATION

Executive Council

	Term expires		Term expires
DR. KARL A. MENNINGER	1939	DR. KARL A. MENNINGER	1940

Council on Professional Training

DR. BERNARD A. KAMM	1939	DR. ROBERT P. KNIGHT	1940
DR. ROBERT P. KNIGHT	1940	DR. ERNST SIMMEL	1941
DR. ERNST SIMMEL	1941	DR. KARL A. MENNINGER	1942

SCIENTIFIC MEETINGS

1938

November 19: Dr. Fritz Moellenhoff: "SOME PSYCHOANALYTIC OBSERVATIONS ON THE APPEAL OF MICKEY MOUSE."

1939

January 28: Dr. Karl A. Menninger: "ORIGINS OF HATE."

February 25: Dr. Leonard Harrington: "LEARNING IN PSYCHOANALYSIS."

March 25: Dr. Edorado Weiss: "THE PSYCHIC PRESENCE."

April 29: Dr. Ernst Simmel (read by Dr. Knight): "THE CRIMINAL NEUROSIS; ANALYSIS OF A CASE OF LUST MURDER."

May 27: Dr. Robert P. Knight: "PSYCHOTHERAPY OF ACUTE PARANOID SCHIZOPHRENIA WITH SUCCESSFUL OUTCOME."

June 24: Mrs. Else Fuchs-Heilpern: "PSYCHOANALYTIC TECHNIQUES WITH NEUROTIC CHILDREN."

BUSINESS MEETINGS

1938

June 25: A report of the transactions of the meeting of the American Psychoanalytic Association, both in Chicago and in San Francisco in June 1938, was read and approved.

The election of officers and the appointment of committees took place, as listed above.

The Minimal Standards for the Training of Physicians in Psychoanalysis as proposed by the American Psychoanalytic Association were approved unanimously.

December 24: A special meeting was held to consider the proposals for the certification of psychoanalysts. These proposals were rejected by a unanimous vote of the Society.

WASHINGTON-BALTIMORE PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETY

REPORT OF ACTIVITIES

1938-1939

1939-1940

OFFICERS

DR. LUCILE DOOLEY, *Pres.*

DR. FRIEDA FROMM-REICHMAN, *Pres.*

DR. JOSEPH O. CHASSELL, *Vice-Pres.*

DR. AMANDA L. STOUGHTON, *Vice-Pres.*

DR. AMANDA L. STOUGHTON, *Sec.-Treas.*

DR. DEXTER M. BULLARD, *Sec.-Treas.*

COMMITTEES

Educational Committee

DR. LUCILE DOOLEY (*ex-officio*)

DR. LUCILE DOOLEY (*ex-officio*)

DR. FRIEDA FROMM-REICHMANN

DR. FRIEDA FROMM-REICHMANN

DR. ERNEST E. HADLEY

DR. ERNEST E. HADLEY

DR. LEWIS B. HILL, *Chairman*

DR. LEWIS B. HILL, *Chairman*

DR. WILLIAM V. SILVERBERG

DR. WILLIAM V. SILVERBERG

DR. EDITH WEIGERT-VOWINCKEL

AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC ASSOCIATION

Executive Council

	Term expires		Term expires
DR. LEWIS B. HILL	1939	DR. LEWIS B. HILL	1940

Council on Professional Training

DR. WILLIAM V. SILVERBERG	1939	DR. LEWIS B. HILL	1940
DR. LEWIS B. HILL	1940	DR. ERNEST E. HADLEY	1941
DR. ERNEST E. HADLEY	1941	DR. WILLIAM V. SILVERBERG	1942

SCIENTIFIC MEETINGS

1938

October: Dr. Adolph Stern: "PSYCHOANALYTIC INVESTIGATION OF AND THERAPY IN THE BORDER-LINE GROUP OF NEUROSES."

Discussed by: Drs. Dooley, Fromm-Reichmann, Hill, Newell, Weigert, and Weininger.

November: Mrs. Lili Peller: "THE CHILD'S APPROACH TO REALITY."

Discussed by: Drs. Dooley, Greig, Hadley, Newell, Solomon, Sullivan, and Weigert.

December: Dr. Bernard Robbins: "PREVAILING NEUROTIC ATTITUDES TO WORK."

Discussed by: Drs. Chassell, Dooley, Fromm-Reichmann, Hill, Sullivan, and Weininger.

1939

January: Dr. Nolan D. C. Lewis: "AN ATTEMPT TO CORRELATE SOME SOMATIC REACTIONS AND PSYCHOANALYTIC DATA."

Discussed by: Mr. Tuve and Dr. Sullivan.

February: Dr. Ernest Schachtel: "SOME CONCEPTS OF PSYCHOANALYSIS APPLIED TO THE RORSCHACH METHOD."

Discussed by: Drs. Bullard, Dooley, Fromm-Reichmann, and Hill.

March: Dr. Clara Thompson: "IDENTIFICATION WITH THE ENEMY WITH LOSS OF THE SENSE OF SELF."

Discussed by: Drs. Bullard, Crowley, Dooley, Fromm-Reichmann, Hadley, Hill and Weigert.

April: Dr. Fritz Wittels: "UNCONSCIOUS PHANTOMS IN NEUROTICS."

Discussed by: Drs. Crowley, Fromm-Reichmann, Hadley, Hill, Rioch, Stoughton, Weigert, and Weininger.

May: The May meeting was omitted because of the Chicago meeting of the American Psychoanalytic Association.

BUSINESS MEETINGS

1938

- November: Dr. Robert T. Morse was enrolled as a registrant.
Dr. Charles Balfour was reinstated as a candidate.
Dr. Morris Brody, a candidate, moved to Philadelphia.
The plan of the Committee of the American Psychoanalytic Association to establish an official Bulletin was approved.
The proposal to make certification in psychoanalysis by a National Board of Psychoanalysis dependent on previous certification in psychiatry by the American Board of Neurology and Psychiatry was tabled.
- December: The Society voted against any plan for certification in psychoanalysis for the present, feeling that membership in the American Psychoanalytic Association was in itself sufficient certification.

1939

- February: Dr. Lewis B. Hill was appointed to represent the Society at the meeting in New York of the Council on Professional Training of the American Psychoanalytic Association.

April: ELECTION OF OFFICERS FOR THE YEAR 1939-40:

DR. FRIEDA FROMM-REICHMANN, *President*
DR. AMANDA L. STOUGHTON, *Vice-President*
DR. DEXTER M. BULLARD, *Secretary-Treasurer*

Educational Committee

DR. EDITH WIEGERT was appointed by the President to serve for three years.

AMERICAN PSYCHOANALYTIC ASSOCIATION

Executive Council

DR. LEWIS B. HILL, for one year
Council on Professional Training

DR. WILLIAM V. SILVERBERG, for three years

AMANDA L. STOUGHTON,
Secretary

**REPORTS OF THE
RECOGNIZED TRAINING INSTITUTES**

BOSTON PSYCHOANALYTIC INSTITUTE

1938-1939

TRUSTEES

DR. JOHN MURRAY, *Chairman*
DR. WILLIAM G. BARRETT, *Secretary*
DR. M. RALPH KAUFMAN, *Treasurer*
DR. ISADOR CORIAT

DR. LEOLIA DALRYMPLE
DR. HELENE DEUTSCH
DR. WILLIAM HEALY
DR. MARTIN PECK

EDUCATIONAL COMMITTEES

DR. ISADOR H. CORIAT
DR. WILLIAM G. BARRETT
DR. HELENE DEUTSCH

DR. JOHN M. MURRAY
DR. MARTIN W. PECK
DR. HANNS SACHS

DR. M. RALPH KAUFMAN (*Ex-Officio*), *Chairman*

FACULTY

Instructors

DR. ISADOR H. CORIAT
DR. HELENE DEUTSCH
DR. IVES HENDRICK

DR. M. RALPH KAUFMAN
DR. JOHN M. MURRAY
DR. HANNS SACHS

DR. JENNY WAELDER

Supervising Analyst for Child Analysis

MRS. BEATA RANK

Lecturers

DR. ISADOR H. CORIAT
DR. FELIX DEUTSCH
DR. HELENE DEUTSCH
DR. IVES HENDRICK
DR. M. RALPH KAUFMAN

DR. JOHN M. MURRAY
MRS. BEATA RANK
DR. HANNS SACHS
DR. JENNIE WAELDER
DR. ROBERT WAELDER

Associate Lecturers

DR. WILLIAM G. BARRETT

DR. FLORENCE CLOTHIER

Visiting Lecturer

DR. GREGORY ZILBOORG

PROGRAM OF INSTRUCTION

Number of students undergoing preparatory analyses.....	12
Number of students conducting case work under supervision.....	12
Total enrollment	24
In training for applied psychoanalysis	2

Seminars and Courses

		Attendance
DR. HELENE DEUTSCH	Technical Seminars	30
DR. ROBERT WAELDER	Theoretical Basis of Psychoanalysis	32
DR. HANNS SACHS	Theory of Libido	23
DR. IVES HENDRICK	Introduction to Psychoanalysis	12
MRS. BEATA RANK	Child Analysis	10
DR. ISADOR H. CORIAT	Cultural Applications of Psychoanalysis	10
DR. GREGORY ZILBOORG	Historical Survey of Medical Psychiatry	34
DR. HELENE DEUTSCH	} Seminar for Social Workers	23
DR. M. RALPH KAUFMAN		
DR. JOHN M. MURRAY		
DR. WILLIAM G. BARRETT	} Seminar on the Application of	10
DR. FLORENCE CLOTHIER		
DR. JENNY WAELDER		

CHICAGO INSTITUTE FOR PSYCHOANALYSIS

1938-1939

OFFICERS

ALFRED K. STERN, *President*

SIDNEY SCHWARZ, *Vice-Pres.*

MRS. ROBERT C. WHEELER, *Treas*

WALTER T. FISHER, *Secretary*

DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER, *Director*

DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH, *Assoc. Director*

WILLIAM T. HARRISON, *Executive Sec.*

EDUCATIONAL COMMITTEE

DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH, *Chairman*

DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER

DR. LEO H. BARTEMEIER

DR. N. LIONEL BLITZSTEN

DR. HELEN VINCENT McLEAN

FACULTY

Instructors

DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER

DR. CATHERINE L. BACON

DR. LEO H. BARTEMEIER

DR. TERESE BENEDEK

DR. N. LIONEL BLITZSTEN

DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH

DR. MARGARET W. GERARD

DR. CLARA HAPPEL

DR. HELEN VINCENT McLEAN

DR. GEORGE MOHR

DR. RICHARD STERBA

Clinical Associates and Lecturers

DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER, *Director*

DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH, *Associate Director*

DR. CATHERINE L. BACON, *Clinical Associate and Lecturer*

DR. TERESE BENEDEK, *Clinical Associate and Lecturer*

DR. MARGARET GERARD, *Clinical Associate and Lecturer*

DR. MARTIN GROTHJAHN, *Clinical Associate and Lecturer*

DR. HELEN VINCENT McLEAN, *Clinical Associate and Lecturer*

DR. KARL A. MENNINGER, *Lecturer*

DR. MILTON MILLER, *Clinical Associate*

DR. GEORGE J. MOHR, *Clinical Associate and Lecturer*

MISS HELEN ROSS, *Lecturer*

DR. LEON J. SAUL, *Clinical Associate and Lecturer*

DR. GREGORY ZILBOORG, *Lecturer*

Research Associates

DR. LUDOLF BOLLMEIER
DR. EDWIN EISLER
DR. MAXWELL GITELSON
DR. HARRY B. LEVEY

DR. ALBRECHT MEYER
MISS HELEN ROSS
DR. LUCIA E. TOWER
DR. GEORGE W. WILSON

PROGRAM OF INSTRUCTION

Professional School

Total enrollment	48
Number of students undergoing preparatory analyses.....	19
Preparatory analyses conducted by: Drs. Franz Alexander, Therese Benedek, N. Lionel Blitzsten, Thomas M. French, Clara Happel, Helen Vincent McLean, George J. Mohr and Richard Sterba.	
Number of students conducting case work under supervision.....	29
Supervisory instructors: Drs. Franz Alexander, Therese Benedek, N. Lionel Blitzsten, Thomas M. French, Clara Happel, Helen Vincent McLean, George J. Mohr, and Richard Sterba.	

Theoretical Instruction

		Attendance
DR. LEON J. SAUL	Seminar on Review of Psychoanalytic Literature.	(3 Quarters) 19
DR. CATHERINE L. BACON	Special Problems of Female Psychology.	(1 Quarter) 15
DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH	Freud's Interpretation of Dreams.	(1 Quarter) 16
DR. MARGARET GERARD DR. GEORGE J. MOHR MISS HELEN ROSS	} Child Analysis.	(2 Quarters) 6
DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH		
DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH		
DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH		
	Problems of Dream Psychology.	(2 Quarters) 20
	Mechanisms of the Individual Neuroses.	(2 Quarters) 22
DR. THERESE BENEDEK	Systematic Presentation of the Psychoanalytic Technique.	(1 Quarter) 14
DR. GREGORY ZILBOORG	Clinical and Psychological Aspects of Sex Murders.	(1 Quarter) 28
DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER	Seminar on Dream Interpretation.	(1 Quarter) 10
DR. LEON J. SAUL	Seminar on Case Histories of Freud.	(1 Quarter) 10
DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH	} Application of Psychoanalysis to Cases of Psychoses.	(1 Quarter) 6

Clinical Seminars

DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER DR. THERESE BENEDEK	} Clinical Conferences.	(3 Quarters) 19
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Extension School

(For laymen and groups working in related professional fields.)

Total enrollment: (approximately) 200.

DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER	Introductory Lectures on Psychoanalysis.	(2 Quarters) 54
DR. GREGORY ZILBOORG	Episodes from Marcel Proust.	(1 Lecture) 22
DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER	Recent Progress of Psychoanalysis.	80
DR. KARL MENNINGER		
DR. GREGORY ZILBOORG		
DR. GEORGE J. MOHR		
DR. LEON J. SAUL		
HELEN V. McLEAN		
DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH		
DR. HELEN V. McLEAN	Application of Psychoanalysis to Biography.	28
DR. MARGARET GERARD	Application of Psychoanalysis to Problems of the School Child.	22
DR. GEORGE J. MOHR		
DR. EDWIN EISLER	Application of Psychoanalysis to Social Work.	31

DR. FRANZ ALEXANDER,
Director, Institute for Psychoanalysis

DR. THOMAS M. FRENCH,
Chairman, Educational Committee
Chicago Psychoanalytic Society

June 15, 1939.

NEW YORK PSYCHOANALYTIC INSTITUTE

1938-1939

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

DR. BERTRAM D. LEWIN, *President*
DR. LEONARD BLUMGART, *Vice President*
DR. MONROE A. MEYER, *Executive Director**
DR. SANDOR RADO, *Educational Director*
DR. CARL BINGER

DR. GEORGE E. DANIELS
DR. MARION E. KENWORTHY
DR. DAVID M. LEVY
DR. DUDLEY D. SHOENFELD
DR. ADOLPH STERN

EDUCATIONAL COMMITTEE

DR. ADOLPH STERN, *Chairman*

DR. GEORGE E. DANIELS
DR. DAVID M. LEVY
DR. BERTRAM D. LEWIN

DR. SANDOR LORAND
DR. MONROE A. MEYER*
DR. SANDOR RADO

FACULTY

Instructors

DR. LEONARD BLUMGART
DR. A. A. BRILL
DR. RUTH MACK BRUNSWICK
DR. GEORGE E. DANIELS
DR. KAREN HORNEY
DR. SMITH ELY JELLIFFE
DR. A. KARDINER
DR. LAWRENCE S. KUBIE
DR. PHILIP R. LEHRMAN
DR. DAVID M. LEVY
DR. BERTRAM D. LEWIN

DR. SANDOR LORAND
DR. MONROE A. MEYER*
DR. C. P. OBERNDORF
DR. LILLIAN D. POWERS
DR. SANDOR RADO
DR. ALBERT SLUTSKY
DR. ADOLPH STERN
DR. CLARA THOMPSON
DR. J. H. W. VAN OPHUIJSEN
DR. FRITZ WITTELS
DR. GREGORY ZILBOORG

*Died February 27, 1939.

PROGRAM OF INSTRUCTION

Professional School

Total enrollment	84
Number of students undergoing preparatory analyses.....	41
Preparatory analyses conducted by: Drs. Sydney G. Biddle, George E. Daniels, Karen Horney, Abraham Kardiner, Bertram D. Lewin, Sandor Lorand, Herman Nunberg, Emil Oberholzer, Lillian D. Powers, Adolph Stern, Clara Thompson, J. H. W. van Ophuijsen, and Fritz Wittels.	
Number of students conducting case work under supervision.....	43
Supervisory instructors: Drs. Sydney G. Biddle, Leonard Blumgart, A. A. Brill, George E. Daniels, Karen Horney, Ludwig Jekels, Abraham Kardiner, Lawrence S. Kubie, David M. Levy, Sandor Lorand, Herman Nunberg, Sandor Rado, Albert Slutsky, Adolph Stern, Clara Thompson, J. H. W. van Ophuijsen, Gregory Zilboorg.	

Theoretical Instruction

		Attendance
DR. PHYLLIS GREENACRE	Seminar, Study of Freud's Case Histories.	29
DR. ADOLPH STERN	*Fifteen sessions. September-January. Seminar, Discussion of the Material of Required Reading	24
	*Six Sessions. October-November.	
DR. CLARA THOMPSON	Seminar, Discussion of the Material of Required Reading	9
	*Six sessions. October-November.	
DR. GEORGE E. DANIELS	Seminar, Study of Freud's Writings on Technique.	34
	*Eight sessions. March-April.	
DR. ABRAHAM KARDINER	Critical Review of the Development of Psychoanalysis. Twelve lectures. December-March.	68
DR. BERTRAM D. LEWIN	Indications, Contra-Indications and Tech- nique of Psychoanalytic Therapy.	44
	*Eight sessions. April-May.	
DR. SANDOR RADO	Special Psychopathology of the Neuroses and Psychoses. Part I. Twelve lectures. October-February.	74
DR. SANDOR RADO	Special Psychopathology of the Neuroses and Psychoses. Six lectures. February-April.	64

DR. DAVID M. LEVY	The Psychoanalytic Approach to the Clinical Problems of Infancy and Early Childhood. *Eight sessions. February-April.	23
DR. ABRAHAM KARDINER	Seminar, Comparative Study of Cultures. *Twelve sessions. March-May.	18
DR. EMIL OBERHOLZER (by invitation)	Introduction to the Theory of the Rorschach Test. Eight lectures. October-December.	36
DR. EMIL OBERHOLZER (by invitation)	Practical application of the Rorschach Test. *Eight sessions. January-March.	16
*Two hours each.		

Clinical Conferences

DR. SANDOR RADO	*Twelve sessions. October-February.	25
DR. SANDOR LORAND	*Twelve sessions. October-February.	18
DR. SANDOR RADO	*Eight sessions. February-April.	26
DR. SANDOR LORAND	*Eight sessions. February-April.	18
DR. KAREN HORNEY	*Eight sessions. April-June	12
DR. PHYLLIS GREENACRE	*Eight sessions. April-June.	10
DR. LAWRENCE S. KUBIE	*Eight sessions. April-June.	10
DR. GEORGE E. DANIELS	*Eight sessions. April-June.	9
DR. DAVID M. LEVY	Medical Child Analysis. *Eight sessions. October-December.	12
*Two hours each.		

Extension School

(Advanced Social Workers' Seminar)

DR. I. T. BROADWIN	The Application of Psychoanalysis to Social Work. Approved for inservice credit, Board of Education, New York City. Section 1: *Fifteen sessions. October-January Section 2: *Six sessions. February-April.	29 10
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(Intermediate Social Workers' Seminar)

DR. RICHARD L. FRANK	Psychoanalytic Thinking in Case Work. *Eight sessions. October-December.	20
*Two hours each.		

SANDOR RADO, M.D.,
Educational Director

TRAINING ACTIVITIES OF THE TOPEKA PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETY

(Under the auspices of the Chicago Institute for Psychoanalysis)

1938

- June 25: Case Seminar conducted by Dr. Karl Menninger on case presented by Dr. Campbell.
- November 19: Case Seminar conducted by Dr. Knight on case presented by Dr. Harrington.
Seminar on Technical Problems: Dr. Kamm.
Literature Seminar: Literature on Folie a Deux, reviewed by Dr. Orr.

1939

- January 28: Case Seminar conducted by Dr. Karl Menninger on case presented by Dr. Harrington.
Seminar on Technical Problems: Dr. Kamm.
- February 25: Case Seminar conducted by Dr. Knight on case presented by Dr. Harrington.
Seminar on Technical Problems: Dr. Kamm.
- March 25: Case Seminar conducted by Dr. Edoardo Weiss on case presented by Dr. Orr.
Seminar on Technical Problems: Dr. Kamm.
Literature Seminars: Review by Dr. Knight of Freud, "Constructions in Analysis".
- April 29: Case Seminar conducted by Dr. Edoardo Weiss on case presented by Dr. Orr.
Seminar on Ego Structure and Functioning — I: Dr. Weiss.
Literature Seminar: Review by Dr. Harrington of Fenichel, "The Drive to Amass Wealth".
- May 27: Case Seminar conducted by Dr. Weiss on case presented by Dr. Orr.
Seminar on Ego Structure and Functioning — II: Dr. Weiss.
Literature Seminar: Review by Dr. Lewy of Alexander, "Inferiority Feelings and the Sense of Guilt".
- June 24: Case Seminar conducted by Dr. Weiss on case presented by Dr. Orr.
Seminar on Ego Structure and Functioning — III: Dr. Weiss.
Literature Seminar: Review by Dr. Orr of Herold, "A Conflict Regarding Technique".

TRAINING ACTIVITIES OF THE WASHINGTON-BALTIMORE PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETY

1938-1939

EDUCATIONAL COMMITTEE

DR. LEWIS B. HILL, *Chairman*

DR. LUCILE DOOLEY (*ex-officio*)

DR. ERNEST E. HADLEY

DR. FRIEDA FROMM-REICHMANN

DR. WILLIAM V. SILVERBERG

DR. EDITH WEIGERT

FACULTY

DR. JOSEPH O. CHASSELL

DR. GERTRUD JACOB

DR. LUCILE DOOLEY

DR. WILLIAM V. SILVERBERG

DR. FRIEDA FROMM-REICHMANN

DR. HARRY STACK SULLIVAN

DR. ERNEST E. HADLEY

DR. EDITH WEIGERT

DR. LEWIS B. HILL

PROGRAM OF INSTRUCTION

Professional School

Total enrollment	16
Number of students undergoing preparatory analyses	8
Preparatory analyses conducted by: Drs. Joseph O. Chassell, Lucile Dooley, Frieda Fromm-Reichmann, Philip S. Graven, Ernest E. Hadley, Lewis B. Hill and Edith Weigert.	
Number of students conducting case work under supervision.....	8
Supervisory instructors: Drs. Joseph O. Chassell, Lucile Dooley, Frieda Fromm-Reichmann, Ernest E. Hadley, Lewis B. Hill and Edith Weigert.	

Theoretical Instruction

		Attendance
DR. LEWIS B. HILL	Technique of Psychoanalysis.	(9 Sessions) 8
DR. EDITH WEIGERT	The Special Pathology of the Neuroses.	(9 Sessions) 8
DR. ERNEST E. HADLEY	} The Locus of the Problems.	(7 Sessions) 4
DR. GERTRUD JACOB		
DR. LEWIS B. HILL	Examinations of the Psychopathology of Everyday Life and Introduction to Psychoanalysis.	6
DR. ERNEST E. HADLEY	The Interpretation of Dreams.	7
DR. WM. V. SILVERBERG	Freud's Case Histories.	6
DR. LUCILE DOOLEY	Three Contributions to the Theory of Sex, the Ego and the Id, and Inhibition, Symptom and Anxiety.	5

Clinical Seminars

(12 Sessions)

First term

DR. J. O. CHASSELL	} Conducted in Baltimore.	5
DR. EDITH WEIGERT		
DR. F. FROMM-REICHMANN	Conducted in Rockville.	4

Second term

DR. LEWIS B. HILL	} Conducted in Baltimore.	4
DR. EDITH WEIGERT		
DR. LUCILE DOOLEY	Conducted in Washington.	

DR. LEWIS B. HILL,

Chairman, Educational Committee

Washington-Baltimore Psychoanalytic Society.

CONSTITUENT SOCIETIES:
CHANGES IN
MEMBERSHIP LISTS AND ADDRESSES

THE BOSTON PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETY

82 Marlborough Street
Boston, Massachusetts

1939-1940

OFFICERS

DR. HELENE DEUTSCH, *President*

DR. JOHN M. MURRAY, *Vice-President*

DR. NIELS L. ANTHONISEN, *Secretary-Treasurer*

NEW MEMBERS

<i>Name</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>Phone</i>	<i>Election</i>
WILBUR, DR. GEORGE	South Dennis, Massachusetts	Harwich 213M	1939

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

DEUTSCH, DR. FELIX	Dept. of Neuro-Psychiatry Washington Univ. Medical School St. Louis, Missouri
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THE CHICAGO PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETY

43 East Ohio Street

Chicago, Illinois

1939-1940

OFFICERS

DR. HELEN VINCENT McLEAN, *President*

DR. LEO H. BARTEMEIER, *Vice-President*

DR. GEORGE J. MOHR, *Secretary-Treasurer*

NEW MEMBERS

<i>Name</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>Phone</i>	<i>Election</i>	<i>Earlier Foreign Society</i>
FUERST, DR. RUDOLF (Associate Member)	43 East Ohio Street	Del. 4194	1939	
KRAMER, DR. PAUL (Associate Member)	43 East Ohio Street	Del. 4194	1939	
MEYER, DR. ALBRECHT (Associate Member)	514 West Fullerton Parkway	Div. 9049	1939	
MOELLENHOFF, DR. F. W. (Transfer from Topeka)	Michell Sanitarium North Gleen Oak Ave. Peoria, Illinois	Peoria 5788	Topeka 1938	
STERBA, DR. RICHARD	1130 Parker Detroit, Michigan	Tuxedo 2-9209	1939	Vienna 1926

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

BENJAMIN, DR. JOHN D.	1666 Detroit Avenue Denver, Colorado	
KASANIN, DR. JACOB (Active Member)	1606 Scott Street San Francisco, Calif.	West 7200

THE NEW YORK PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETY

324 West 86th Street

New York City

1939-1940

OFFICERS

DR. A. A. BRILL, *Honorary President*

DR. SMITH ELY JELLIFFE, *Honorary Vice-President*

DR. LAWRENCE S. KUBIE, *President*

DR. JOHN A. P. MILLET, *Vice-President*

DR. SUSANNA S. HAIGH, *Secretary*

DR. SAMUEL ATKIN, *Treasurer*

NEW MEMBERS

<i>Name</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>Phone</i>	<i>Election</i>
COHN, DR. FRANZ S.	12 East 87th Street	SAC. 2-6056	1939
DUNN, DR. WILLIAM H.	178 East 70th Street	REg. 4-8585	1939
FRIES, DR. MARGARET E.	21 West 86th Street	SCh. 4-5520	1939
GWIN, DR. ALVA	84 Willett Street Albany, New York	Albany 4-0053	1939
KAHR, DR. SIDNEY	17 East 89th Street	ATw. 9-6316	1939
STOLOFF, DR. EMILE GORDON	1185 Park Avenue	SAC. 2-8585	1939

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

FRANK, DR. RICHARD L.	52 East 91st Street	ATw. 9-7749
KUBIE, DR. LAWRENCE S.	7 East 81st Street	BUt. 8-5230
LEWIN, DR. BERTRAM D.	32 East 64th Street	REg. 4-6388
WITTELS, DR. FRITZ	91 Central Park West	ENd. 2-3890
WOLFE, DR. THEODORE P.	15 East 86th Street	ATw. 9-8554

CHANGE OF TELEPHONE NUMBER

KARDINER, DR. A.	1095 Park Avenue	ATw. 9-2145
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TRANSFERS

BIDDLE, DR. S. G.	to Philadelphia
ENGLISH, DR. O. S.	to Philadelphia
MAEDER, DR. LEROY M. A.	to Philadelphia

THE PHILADELPHIA PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETY

206 South 13th Street

Philadelphia, Pa.

OFFICERS

DR. SYDNEY G. BIDDLE, *President*

DR. O. SPURGEON ENGLISH, *Vice-President*

DR. LEROY M. A. MAEDER, *Secretary-Treasurer*

MEMBERS

<i>Name</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>Phone</i>	<i>Election</i>
APPEL, DR. KENNETH E.	Institute of the Pennsylvania Hospital 111 N. 49th Street Philadelphia, Pa.	GRAnite 1100	1939
BIDDLE, DR. SYDNEY G. (Transfer from N. Y.)	Medical Tower 255 S. 17th Street Philadelphia, Pa.	KINsley 2570	New York 1931
ENGLISH, DR. O. SPURGEON (Transfer from N. Y.)	Medical Tower 255 S. 17th Street Philadelphia, Pa.	KINsley 2347	New York 1936
KATZ, DR. G. HENRY	Institute of the Pennsylvania Hospital 111 N. 49th Street Philadelphia, Pa.	GRAnite 1100	1939
MAEDER, DR. LEROY M. A. (Transfer from N. Y.)	Chancellor Hall 206 S. 13th Street Philadelphia, Pa.	PENnypacker 3400	New York 1935
PEARSON, DR. GERALD H. J.	Institute of the Pennsylvania Hospital 111 N. 49th Street Philadelphia, Pa.	GRAnite 1100	1939
SMELTZ, DR. GEORGE W. (Transfer fr. Wash.-Balt.)	Physicians Building 121 University Place Pittsburgh, Pa.	MAYflower 9219	Old Amer. Wash.-Balt. 1936
SMITH, DR. LAUREN H.	Institute of the Pennsylvania Hospital 111 N. 49th Street Philadelphia, Pa.	GRAnite 1100	1939
WEISS, DR. EDWARD (Affiliate Member)	Spruce St. Medical Bldg. 269 S. 19th Street Philadelphia, Pa.	PENnypacker 7753	1939

THE TOPEKA PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETY

The Menninger Clinic

Topeka, Kansas

1939-1940

OFFICERS

DR. KARL A. MENNINGER, *President*

DR. ROBERT P. KNIGHT, *Secretary-Treasurer*

NEW MEMBERS

<i>Name</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>Phone</i>	<i>Election</i>
ALLEN, DR. SYLVIA	Menninger Clinic Topeka, Kansas	3-3292	1939

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

CAMPBELL, DR. COYNE H. (Associate Member)	717 N. Robinson St. Oklahoma City, Okla.	OKla. City 3-0433
KAMM, DR. BERNARD A.	3727 Fillmore Street San Francisco, Calif.	Fillmore 6509

TRANSFER

MOELLENHOFF, DR. F. W. To Chicago

THE WASHINGTON-BALTIMORE PSYCHOANALYTIC SOCIETY

700 Cathedral Street

Baltimore, Maryland

1939-1940

OFFICERS

DR. FRIEDA FROMM-REICHMANN, *President*

DR. AMANDA STOUGHTON, *Vice-President*

DR. DEXTER M. BULLARD, *Secretary-Treasurer*

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

<i>Name</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>Phone</i>
SULLIVAN, DR. HARRY STACK	1835 Eye Street, N. W. Washington, D. C.	Nat. 7200
	Bradley Blvd. and Burdette Rd. R.F.D. No. 3, Bethesda, Maryland	Wisconsin 2270
WEIGERT-VOWINCKEL, DR. E.	9 West Melrose Street Washington, D. C.	

CHANGE OF TELEPHONE NUMBER

BULLARD, DR. DEXTER M.	Chestnut Lodge Sanitarium Rockville, Maryland	Rock. 698
CROWLEY, DR. RALPH	Chestnut Lodge Sanitarium Rockville, Maryland	Rock. 698
FROMM-REICHMANN, DR. F.	Chestnut Lodge Sanitarium Rockville, Maryland	Rock. 698
JACOB, DR. GERTRUDE	Chestnut Lodge Sanitarium Rockville, Maryland	Rock. 698
JARVIS, DR. MARJORIE	Chestnut Lodge Sanitarium Rockville, Maryland	Rock. 698
WEININGER, DR. BENJAMIN	Chestnut Lodge Sanitarium Rockville, Maryland	Rock. 698

TRANSFER

SMELTZ, DR. G. W. To Philadelphia

INTERNATIONAL PSYCHOANALYTICAL ASSOCIATION

The war in Europe has made it difficult to reach many of our colleagues in the belligerent countries.

Dr. Ernest Jones, President of the International Psychoanalytical Association, has notified us that he can be reached at The Plat, Elsted near Midhurst, Sussex, England.

As recently as October 6th, the address of the Secretary of the International Psychoanalytical Association, Dr. Edward Glover, remained as before: 18, Wimpole Street, London, W. 1.

The address of the London Institute of Psycho-Analysis, 96, Gloucester Place, London, W. 1, remains unchanged.



